

কৃষিই সমৃদ্ধি

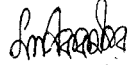
গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
বীজ উইং, কৃষি মন্ত্রণালয়
বাংলাদেশ সচিবালয়
www.moa.gov.bd

স্মারক নং-১২.০৯৭.০১৪.০১.০০.০৭১.২০১৩-২৪

তারিখ : ১৮-০১-২০১৬ খ্রিঃ

বিষয় : জাতীয় বীজনীতি এবং উদ্ভিদ সংগনিরোধ বিধিমালার খসড়া ২০১৬ বিষয়ে মতামত প্রদান।

উপর্যুক্ত বিষয়ের পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে জানানো যাচ্ছে যে, গত ১২-০১-২০১৬খ্রিঃ তারিখে জনাব আনোয়ার ফারুক, অতিরিক্ত সচিব; মহাপরিচালক, বীজ উইং, কৃষি মন্ত্রণালয় মহোদয়ের সভাপতিত্বে অনুষ্ঠিত সভার সিদ্ধান্ত মোতাবেক জাতীয় বীজনীতি এবং উদ্ভিদ সংগনিরোধ বিধিমালার খসড়া ২০১৬ বিষয়ে কোন মতামত থাকলে তা পরবর্তী দশ কর্মদিবসের মধ্যে মন্ত্রণালয়ে লিখিতভাবে জানানোর জন্য নির্দেশক্রমে অনুরোধ করা হলো।


১৮/০১/১৬
(মানিক চন্দ্র কর্মকার)
সহকারী বীজতত্ত্ববিদ
ফোন-৯৫৪৯৬৯১
E-mail : mckarmoker@gmail.com

Lmov RvZxq exR bwiZgvj v, 2016

MYcRvZšx eisj v`k mi Kvi

Kul.gšYvj q

meR uece t`tki cãvb `BvU Lv`km` avb I Mtgi Dbz gvtbi exR thvMvb w`tqij, Zvi cŁg DcKvi t`fvMx t`kmgtni gta` eisj v`k Ab`Zg GKvU t`k| 1971 mvtj `faxZv AR#bi ci t`tK Lv` Avg`vbi I ci wbfPZv Ges mekpvRviti i gtj`i DVvbgvi SxKMÖZv KgvTZ t`tk Lv` Drcv`b epx`i I ci cŁZvU mi Kvi B Ae`vNZfvte mYúó `wó tittLŁQ| weMZ Pwj k eQti t`tki RbmsL`v wŁ, tYi I tevk tetotQ Ges Drcv`b I Ryj vblvŁZ Gt`tki A_ÖvNZ m`úvvi Z ntqtQ mZ, wKŠ`GLtbn Kul.B t`tki A_ÖvNZ I mgvRe`e`vi cãvb wfvE|

eisj v`tki KI.Kt`i RvGLD mPivPi ýžtKvZi hvtk Zviv Zv`i mxiGZ m`ú` w`tq Drcv`b evotZ wvveofvte KvR j vMvq| t`tki Avakvsk `vbB tgsmtg eb`vcEY Ges Rvgi Xtj i mvgv`Zg cŁf` PttI i aitbi I ci Mfxi cŁve tdjtZ cvti| `BvU cãvb dmj GKeQti i gta`B DrcbæKiv hvq, Avevi tKvttbv tKvttbv mgq `ftgqww` ZZxq tKvttbv dmj I tevbn hvq| cãvb cãvb Lv`km` I kvxRvZxq `vbn`vi km` Qvovl wPvb, Kvcfm I cvU, G,tjv ,iaZcY©A_Rix dmj| mv`úvZK eQi ,tjvŁZ mevR Drcv`b bvlKxqfvte epx` tctqtQ; dtj KI.tKi Rb` bZly bZb mthvttMi Øvi DttbVvPZ ntqtQ Ges tfr`vi cQ` Zvuj KvI DbzZi ntqtQ| Avj Bvll GZ e`vcK nvti epx` tctqtQ th GLb Zv Ab`Zg kvZKvjxb mevR dmtj i `vb Avakvi KtittQ| weMZ `kK exRLvŁZ AvRZ DbqbB Drcv`tbi týtĪ Gtnb mvdjt` Ae`vb tittLŁQ| mi Kvi Ges `ž m`úvvi Ykxj temi Kvvi LvŁZi mgvšZ cŁPóvi dtj B GvUv m`e ntqtQ|

weMZ Pvi `kK mekpvsk, GdGI-Gi gtZv AtbK Dbqb ms`v t`tK Ges tb`vij`vU, KivvWv, hY`ivó, hY`ivR` Ges tWbgtKp gtZv wcvvYK mnvqZv KgmwP t`tK exRLvŁZ mnvqZv jvf KtittQ| GB mKj সহায়তা দেখে প্রক্রিয়াRvZKiY tK`a I PwEex Drcv`b e`e`vi gtZv প্রধান প্রধান কার্যক্রম সংবলিত একটি RvZxq exR wkt`i wfvE cŁZôvq Ae`vb tittLŁQ|

eisj v`tk Ges `evkK exRwkt`i th `ž cwi eZÖ mmaZ ntqtQ, Zvi cŁZdj b NUvŁZ Avgv`i exR bwiZtK hMvcthvMx Kivi cŁqvRbxqZv AbfZ nt`Q| exR bwiZgvj v I wevaveavb cŁMvB I ms`vi KvgvU i m`m`eM© weMZ `BeQi KtVvi cwi kŁj Kti GB cŁPóvtK mvdj `RbK Dcmsnvti DcbxZ KtittQb; tmRb` Zt` i Avvg Avšhi K ab`ev` RvbnB| tmBmt½ Avvg Avkv tcvlY Kvii th, t`tki Dbqb j ý`gvĪvq tctQvŁZ GB bwiZgvj v GKvU wfvE wntmte Ae`vb ivLte|

gLeU

cŭg exRcKí i iai AvbgmbK nek eQi ci h_v_©GKuU emYiR^K exRikí cŭZôvi j tÿ" 1993 mvtj Kul. gšÿvj q GB LvZi fivel`r nekvtK mVVKLvZ cēvnnZ Kivi Rb" GKU bmvZgvj v cŭqb Kti | ZLb chŠÍ teiki fivM`e`kK mnvqZv t`qv nZv miKvvi cŭZôvb neGvMvm, Kul. m`úvvi Y Awa`Bi Ges exR cŭ`qb GtRÝtK | bmvZgvj vlvZ ceŭgmb Kiv nŭqj th, , iatZi cwi miKme besrkarilvZi v tK amez nte, আর এই প্রক্রিয়াকে উৎসাহিত করার জন্য নীতিমালায় ব্যবস্থা রাখা হয়েছিল। এটা ছিল বীজ নীতিমালার cteRvi bglyv Ges cieZxPZ Acivci t`tkl GB RvZxq GKUU`vj tji cŭqvRbxZv Dcj wä Kti hvZ Avi I ve`Z. cwi mtii v tK exRikí i mK:Lj cvj ve`tj i mthvM mŭó nh | vekbq `vbi vi Lv`ktm`i `i`vtgi Av`iZv AtbK t`tkB Af`šlxY Lv`" ubivcEv vbtq DrKúv emotq tZtj Ges Zvi mŭv` mivúZK eQimgfn exR mieivni nelquU Avevi I`pvcvZi tK`te`tZ vdti GtmfQ |

Zvici Avi I evBk বছর অতিক্রান্ত হওয়াq GLb tmB bmvZgvj v vbtq bZb Kti vPšÍfiev Kivi mgq GtmfQ; bmvZgvj vi vKQzvkQzAfxó jÿ" AvRZ nŭqfQ, Avevi vKQzvkQzAfxó jÿ" AvRZ nquv | Zte, t`kxq exRikí vbiŭZiŭc Zvi AvKvti Ges AvZvekftm teŭo I tvtQ, Ges Kul. Drcv`b ep`tZ GuU , iaZcY© Ae`vb ti tLŭ | AtbK Gkxq t`tk ksKi RvZxq avtbi cēZŭ I cŭj b Ges `Rechŭmŭó bZb bZb mthvMi dtj Gi chŭyP I cŭMhi nŭqfQ | Gt`tk ksKi RvZxq fŭv 1990-Gi `kK vQj GKUU Avfbe সংযোজন, আর এখন তা একটি অন্যতম শস্যে পরিণত হয়েছে যা ক্রমবর্ধমান পশুখাবার শিল্পকে রসদ যোMvb v`tq hv`Q | cŭZteKx t`kmgv I GBtÿtI GvMŭq tMŭ Ges AvÁij K exRemYtR`I AtbK eo m`tebri tÿt mŭó nŭqfQ | GB cwieZŭbi cwi tchŭyZ gšÿvj q GKUU bZb exR bmvZgvj vi Avek`KZv Abŭe Kti hv Dbqŭbi cieZxPavtci Rb" v K-vb`RK vntmte fivgKv cvj b KitZ cvti | GB avivvnnKZvq cieZxPZ vekp`vsk tRvU (World Bank Group) Zt`i emYR" I cŭZthvMvZvgj-K KgmPi (Trade and Competitiveness Program) AvI Zvq t`tki eZŭv Pvn`v I fivel`Z GB LvZiU tK vekpRvi cŭZthvMvZvgj-K Kti Mto tZvj vi Df`k` ci-Yv`© bmvZgvj v সংক্রান্ত দলিলটি প্রণয়নের জন্য কারিগরি mnvqZvi cŭ`le t`q | cvkvcvK USAID Gi Agro-Inputs Project I exR vktí temiKvvi LvZi cŭZvbaZtK kvkij x KitZ mnvqZv KitQ |

vemZ tmfPvŭ 2013-tZ XvKiv AbvŭZ `ŭ`šisukŭ`i একটি বড় আকারের সভায় এই উদ্দেশ্যপূরণের প্রক্রিয়া hv`v i iæKti vQj | GB mfvq bZb exR bmvZgvj v cŭvqŭbi Df`k`tK m`úYŭŭc mg_ŭ t` I qv nq Ges GB KvRtK GvMŭq tbi qvi Rb" gšÿvj q t`tK GKUU ms`vi KvgvU MVb Kiv nq | GB KvgvU m`m` msL`v 20 Rb Ges GtZ miKvvi I temiKvvi LvZ vgvj tŭ `ŭ`šisukŭ mKj ctÿi cŭZvbaZ; AvtQ | GB KvgvU 2014 I 2015 mvtj AvU `dv mfvq vgvj Z nŭqj | cŭ`vgK cwi cYŭLmovvU vMtmvŭ 2014tZ KvgvU m`m`t`i vbKU gZvgZ t`I qvi Rb" veZiY Kiv nŭqj | tek KtqK `dvq gZvgZmgn mibteKZ Kivi ci bmvZgvj vi GKUU mstkvvaz ms`iY KvgvU vbKU 17 Rb, 2015 Zvii tL Dc`vcb Kiv nq Ges Zv PevšÍ Kiv nq |

GB bmvZgvj vi GKUU tgšij K avi Yv GB th, GB Df`k`mgn ARŭ KitZ ntj cŭc` mŭeavv, DcKiY, evRvi I tmevmgfn mgv b cŭekvvaKvi mŭvŭZ Kti miKvvi I temiKvvi LvZi gta` Askx`vi Zj`vKv Avek`K |

thLvtbB ewiYwR`Kfivte jvfRbK mshvM cvlqv hvte tmLvtbB ZvtK KvR jvMvbi Rb` temiKwi LvZi GwMtg Avmv DvPZ, Avi th mKj `vfb l dmtj i tytI temiKwi LvZ fvgKv cvj b Kti bv tm mKj tytI KI.Kti mnvqZv t`lqv miKwi LvZi mvgwRK `vqZj| exR Ges bvbvRvZi mt½ cwmwK weiaex ,iaZcY©cwiilevmgñi `vqEjl miKvii Ici eZq, hv`l m`ut`i mefcyv KvhRi e`envi ubwDZ Kivi `v`_GB RvZxq wKQzKvRtK we`k>`iKiY Kiv thtZ cvti |

GB bmvZgvj v MhYi cieZxZ gšYvj q AvMi exR Aa`v`k`k GKwU bZb AvBb l mnvqK weagij vi gva`g nvj bMv` Kivi cZ`vkv ivtL hvZ AvMvgx eQi ,tj vtZ exRLvZtK c_`v`Rbv c0vfb l Kg@wi Pvj bvg mvgwMk AvBvb KvVtgv mvgAm`cY© RZmB nq|

fvgKv

Lv` l cwi ubivcEv tRvi `vi Ki tY Ges MgxY A_`vZi kw³kvj xKi tY Kwl i ,iaZtK evsj v`k mi Kvi mvgMkFvte Dcj w` Kti | t`tki RbmsL`vi A`v`Ki tenk cvj A`tj emevi Kti Ges Zviv c`vbZ Kwl i Ici wbfPkj | bMi Dbq`bi Ae`vnZ Pvc Avgt`i we`gvb mKj cKvii RvgtZ mteP cwi gvy Drcv`bkj Zv ubwDZ Kivi Riwi c0qvRtbi Ici ,iaZ;t`q|

Kwl i Rb` exR ntj v metPtq tgšj K DcKiY Ges Zv m`te` dj b wbaY Kti | DbZzi RvZi cEzB, KI.K m`ut`i vti wku Zvi weKvtk l Zv`i e`l`vKtZ exR GKwU gva`g wntmte KvR Kti | bvbv RvZi gta` wRbMZ gvtbvqbb Drcv`bkj Zv ew`mn dmtj i ubivcEv weavtbi metPtq mikq Dcvq Ges Zv mKj KI`Ki Rb`B mgvb DcKvix| c0KwZK `shMi mgq ev dmj nmbi mgq Kwl.tK cbeMb Kivi KvR KI.KtK mnvqZv t`l qvi gtZv metPtq ,iaZcY©c0qvRb ntZ cvti GKvI exR|

GB tcvvctU, Kwl .gšYvj q Ggb GKwU `y l tUKmB exRLvZtK c0Yv`bv w`tZ l iyYteyY Kitz AvMhx hv w`tq KI`Ki eUwa Pwv`v cY nte, cvj Dbq`b mg_`thvMte Ges mtefcwi RvZxq A_`vZtZ Ae`vb ivLte| evsj v`tk exR LvZi Dbq`b temiKwi খাতের ক্রেতাক ক বিক্রি AZxe ,iaZcY© we`li Avjvc Avtj vPvvi ci GB bmvZgvj vK GKwU c_`v`Rk wntmte c0qb Kiv ntqt0 hvZ `v`_fiskot`i mgwšZ c0Povq GB mKj Afx0 j`y` ARB Kiv hvq| GtZ Dbq`b ms`v, AvSRwZK mSMVb, `vbxq l we`k wevbtqMKvix hviv evsj v`tki exR evRvti wevbtqM Kitz ev we`gvb KgRvDtk m`ut`mwi Z Kitz B`Ov tcvlY Kti Zv`i Rb` cUfvgi Zt`_ mibtewkZ ntqt0|

GB bmvZgvj v RvZxq Kwl .bmvZ, 2013-Gi exR l tivcY DcKiY msuk0 weavbvej (AbtY0` 6) Ges RvZxq wki bmvZ, 2010-Gi mt½ mSMvZcY© dmtj i RvZ Ges exR সংক্রান্ত সকল দাপ্তরিক সিদ্ধান্ত, Ges `v`_fiskot cymgñi MpxZ c`tycmgn GB bmvZgvj vi Dti`k`mgñK mg_`Kiv Ges Gi weavbvej i dtj mSMvZcY© nIqv Avek`K| cwi t`ki Ici tKv`bv cKvi weia c0ve Qvov KI.K Ges cvj A`tj i A_`vZi Rb` mveR DcKvB GB bmvZgvj vi Ges RvZxq exRLvZi gj`vq`bi c`vb gvcKwv nIqv DvPZ| th mKj DcKiY l tmevi thvMvbi Rb` miKwi Znvej c0vb Kiv nq ZvtK mefcyv KvhRi cšvq wbtqwRZ Kti exRLvZi KgRvDmgñ hZUv m`e`y`Zvi mt½ ev`eviqZ Kitz nte|

- 2.4 exRi gubqšy, cĹqb Ges exRসংক্রান্ত বিধিবিধা cĹqM exR cĹqb GtRYtK Avi I kw³kij x I AvabKvqb Kiv nte|
- 2.5 RvZiq A_ĐwZi Rb" tKŠkj MZ , iaz;Abyvfi Kul.gšyvj q dmj mgnK `Đu tKŸtZ ŌubqšZŌ Ges ŌAubqšZŌ intmte fiM Kti Ges G aviv Ae"vnZ _vKte| GB tKŸvefirb bvbvb RvZ I exRi I ci exRAvBb Ges weagvj vi gva"tg ubqšy Avtvtci "li ubaŸY Kti | ubqšZ dmtj i Zvij Kv mgq mgq RvZiq exR tevW[©]KZ[®].mstkrab Kiv nte|

3. MtelYv Ges RvZi Dbq̄b :

- 3.1 Dv[™] cRbb I Zvimt½ msukō wefbaekvlvK mvieR MtelYv weiqmPz mviqZv t`Iqv D"P AMŌaKvi intmte envj _vKte|
- 3.2 RvZiq m^út`i mteEg e"envi ubwŌZ KtZ, evsj vt`k Kul.MtelYv KvDvYj (weGAvim) ubweo I mnthvMZvi mgštq Zvt`i ubR ubR Askx`vit`i m½ Kbmj tUuf Māc Ab BŪvib`vkbvj GvMkvj Pivj wimvP[©](wvRAvBGAvi) Gi m½ KvR Kite|
- 3.3 wekte`vj q Ges miKvii I temiKvii cĹZŌvb Ges tKv^úvbmgn Zvt`i "Dt`vtM A_ev RvZiq Kul.MtelYv e"e`v (NARS) Ges Ab`vb" miKvii I temiKvii cĹZŌvtbi m½ thš_fvte/Askx`vii Z/ P^z i gva"tg Dv[™] cRbtbi MtelYv Ges RvZ Dbq̄tbi Rb" KvR Kite|
- 3.4 Dv[™] cRbb KgRvĐmgnK mviqZv cŌvbKtí gšyvj q miKvii I temiKvii cĹZŌvbmgnK cĹqRbxq Znvej thvvtbi weiqU wepbn Kite| wefbaevRvZi tgbbtUtbY weW^s, Rvg[®]Rg msiyY Ges cRbb exR Drcv`tb miKvi mviqZv Kite|
- 3.5 evtqmJK Ges GevtqmJK mnbkxj RvZi MtelYv I Dbq̄tbi I ci wekl fite , iaz;t`Iqv nte|
- 3.6 RvZi উন্নয়ন ও নির্বাচন প্রক্রিয়ায় কৃষকদের AskMhYgj-K কার্যক্রমকে Drm^vnZ Kiv nte|
- 3.7 Rxe^hvi MtelYv I Dbq̄tbi Rb" miKvii Ges temiKvii Lvter কার্যক্রম আরও evx Kiv nte|
- 3.8 D"Pdj bkxj we`k RvZi cĹZŌtK Drm^vnZ Kiv nte|
- 3.9 RvZ Dbq̄tbi KvR miKvii I temiKvii Dfq LvZ Dv[™]t`i Rvg[®]Rg msiyY, "enkó"vqb Ges gj"vqb I e"envt i I ci , iaz;t`Iqv nte|
- 3.10 Rvg[®]Rg msiyY I e"e`vcbvi Rb" tK`xqfvte GKw RvZiq cĹZŌvb Mvb Kiv nte| dmtj i `vbxq RvZi Dbq̄tbi miKvii I temiKvii LvZtK Drm^vn cŌvb Kiv nte|
- 3.11 wkfí e"envi DcthvMx dmtj i Dbq̄tbi msukō cĹZŌvtbi m½ Avtj vPbv Kti MtelYv Kg[®]P MhY Kiv nte|
- 3.12 wkfí Kvii Mvii wfvE tRvi`viKfí temiKvii tKv^úvnb Ges we`k Drcv`Kt`i m½ Askx`vixZji gva"tg Kul.MtelYvK Drm^vn cŌvb Kiv nte|
- 3.13 tgbbtUtbY weW^s cRbb exR Drcv`tbi Awe"Q`" Ask intmte wevPZ nte|

4. RvZ Aeg[®]KiY, cĹvcb Ges ubeÜb :

- 4.1 ŌubqšZ dmj Ō-Gi bZb RvZi Aeg[®] i Rb" cĹvj Z c^xwz wvfd Kti mgq mgq RvZiq exR tevW[©]cĹqRbxq mstkrabx AvbtZ cvi te|
- 4.2 ŌubqšZ dmj Ō-Gi RvZmgn RvZiq exR tevW[©]KZ[®].Povší Abtgv`tbi ci miKvii tmRtUi cĹvcb Rvii Kiv nte|

4.3 0AwbqisZ dmj 0-Gi RvZmgR Kwl.gšYij tqi exR DBs; RvZxq exR tevW⁹G ubeÜb KiZ nte| mKj AwbqisZ dmj i RvZi ubeÜbi Rb" GKU K^uDUvBRW c^h b^f WUteR `Zix Kiv nte|

4.4 wqbisZ RvZmgRni RvZxq Zvij Kv wqbqZfite RvZxq exR tevW⁹KZR.ch^hj vPbv I cKvk Kiv nte| hv tKv^h GKU dmj i RvZ t`tki Kwl i Rb" ywZKi etj cZxqgvb nq Zintj Zvntj RvZxq exR tevW⁹D³ RvZi ex^জ বিক্রয় নিষিদ্ধ Ges c^hqvRbte^h RvZU W^htbwUdvBW KiZ cvi te|

4.5 0wbqisZ dmj 0-Gi RvZ MtelYv I Dbq^hbi Rb" eZ^htb c^hij Z c^xwZ AbyiY Kti temiKwi c^hZövb I wqbisZ dmj i RvZ Aeg^hi Rb" RvZxq exR tevW⁹Dc`vcb KiZ cvi te|

4.6 `vbxq RvZi Awf^hthvRZ D^w hv c^hvMZ ev AskM^hYgj-K ube^hpb tK^hsj 0viv Db^hZi Kiv ntqtQ, tm, tj vtK c^hvcb Rwi Ges ubeÜbi wbg^hE RvZxq exR tevW⁹ w^hKU `wLj KiZ nte|

4.7 0WGbG w^hvi w^hUs^h c^h e`envi Kti dmj i RvZmgR mbv³KiYi Rb" GKU mg^hSZ c^hPöv I Kg^htbl qv nte|

5. RvZi mjyv :

5.1 GKU Av^hkb exR^hki i Dbq^hbi `v^h Drcv`K Ges KI^hKi Aw^hKi i w^hl^hq h^hv^hN^hm^h GKU AvBb c^hqb Ges ev`evqb Kiv nte|

5.2 RvZi w^hvi Z gitdvj w^hR^hKj `enkó" w^hY^hqi w^hbg^hE exR c^hZ`qb G^hR^hYi RvZ cix^hY kvlv UPOV MvBW jvBb AbyiY Kti RvZ cix^hvi কার্যক্রম জোরদার করতে হবে।

6. exR Drcv`b :

6.1 P^hex KI.K^h i gva`tg exR Drcv`b GKU mg^hZwöZ e`e`v| M^hgxY Avq tivRM^hi GKU Dcvq w^htmte KIK ch^hq exR m^hu^hKZ m^hPZbZv ew^hx i Rb" GB e`e`v^hK Drm^hvn t`I qv nte|

6.2 Drcv`bi j`y`gv^hvtK m^hWK c^h exR c^hZövb^h cwiP^hij Z Kivi w^hbg^hE P^hti AvI Zv^hf^h R^higi cwi^hgvY, Mo ec^hbi nvi Ges KI.K^h i Pvl cwi^heZ^hbi n^hti w^hf^hE^hZ RvZxq exR tevW⁹ w^hW c^hgvkb K^higU mKj dmj i Rb" ex^hRi RvZxq P^hvn`vi GKU nij bv^hMv` ew^hl`R cwi^hKi^hbv c^hqb Ki te|

6.3 gvbm^hubæex^hRi P^hvn`v ew^hx^hZ I m^hvg c^hZwöZ Kivi w^hbg^hE `vbxq Rb^hMvöxi w^hKU ex^hRi c^hPvi-প্রসার করতে ও বিক্রয় করতে বীজখামার ও প্রক্রিয়াকারক^h i I Drm^hvnZ Kiv nte|

6.4 `vbxqfite miKwi I temiKwi LvZ^hK nvB^hew RvZxq ex^hRi Drcv`b^hK Drm^hvnZ Kiv nte|

6.5 th mKj dmj evs^hvt`tki Rb" A^hW^hZK I cwi^htekMZ w^hP^hti Dc^hthvM^h Ges t`tki Rb" Dc^hKvix tm, tjvi ex^hRi c^hvMZ Drcv`b^hK Drm^hvnZ Kiv nte|

6.6 গবেষণা ও উন্নয়ন, প্রক্রিয়াজাতকরণ ও সংরক্ষণ সম্পর্কে A^hmg^h Ges MtelYvM^hi m^hear evortZ temiKwi D^h`v^hM^hYi w^hbt^hqvM^hK miKvi Drm^hvnZ Ki te|

6.7 D^w m^hw^hbtiva DBs Gi m^hbw`0 mg^hvtki w^hf^hE^hZ Ges Dch^h w^hivc^hEv^hgj-K e`e`w` m^hvtctj^h dmj mj^hvi Kvh^hRi cY^hmg^hM^hi e`envi^hK Aw^hকতর উৎসাহিত করা হবে। কৃষকের নিকট বিক্রয়ের mgq cwi^htkwaZ mKj ex^hR^hK Aek`B m^hycóifc kY^h3KiY dj Kh^h KiZ nte Ges Z^htZ GB g^hg^hmZK^hv^hZ^hm^hbt^hew^hK KiZ nte th GB mKj ex^hR Aek`B Lv^hqvi Rb" e`envi^hthvM` bq|

7. exRi gvibqšY :

- 7.1 KI.K chvq gvbmúbæexRi e`envi ubiōZ KiZ AwaKZi m`u` I mjeav`i gva`tg exR cL`qb GtRÝxK kw³kvj xKiY miKv`i i ubKU AMōaKvi wntm`te envj _vKte|
- 7.2 exR e`emvq Aibq`gi Rb` exR wWjvi`i w`eifx kw`h`j-K e`e`v tbi qv nte; cōqvRtb exR wWjvi ubeÜb cL`qb emvZj Kiv nte|
- 7.3 mvi v`tki cL`š`l AĀtj exR e`emvq wbtqvRZ exR wWjvi`i GKwU m`k;Lj KvVtgv`i AvI Zvq wbtq Avmv nte|
- 7.4 exR bwiZgvj vq Pvi cKv`i i exRtK, h_v-cRbb exR, wfiE exR, cL`wqZ exR Ges gvYtNwv Z exR; Ges cōZwU tkōYi Rb` bvgdj Khš Kivi Avek`Kxq Dcv`vbmgn`K `xKwZ t`qv n`q`Q| th mKj e`w³, tKv`úv`b ev temiKwvi ms`v exRi gv`b m`ú`K`bōqZv cōvb KiZ Pvq; Zv`i`K tmev wntm`te exR cL`qb U`vM cōvb Kiv nte|
- 7.5 mKj exRi týtĀ MtelYwVti cixyv-ubixyvi KvR ŌAvšRwZK exR cixyv mwgwZō (BmUv)-Gi wewagj v Abvvti cwi Pwv Z nte| Abjfcv`te, exR cL`qbgj-K U`vM t`qvi wewa-c`wZ I BwvW- I exR সংক্রান্ত পরিকল্পনাসমূহে বিধৃত বিধানের ভিত্তিতে নির্ধারিত হবে।
- 7.6 AvĀw`j K I `enkK emvYtR`i mjeav`_ exRi gvibqšY x gvcKwv Ges cL`qb e`e`v`K GKBi`fc ktm`i Rb` cōhvR` cōZtekx t`kmg`ni m`½ mwg`m`cY`Kiv nte|

8. exR wZiY I evRiRvZKiY

- 8.1 exRi cPvi -শ্রসার, বিতরণ এবং বিক্রয় করার দায়িত্ব সরকারি, বেসরকারি কোম্পানি এবং ডিলারদের exR cōw³ I m`ú`mvi Y tmev`v`bi Rb` wWjvi`i m`yg Kti ZjtZ cōky`Yi Dci _iæj`t`I qv nte|
- 8.2 cōZthwvZvgj-K exRLvZ mR`bi j`ty` fZōKgtj` exR wecYb ক্রমান্বয়ে নিরুৎসাহিত করা হবে।
- 8.3 w`k;`-` Dm t`K exR e`envi`i cPvi-cōv`i i w`igE KI`Ki ubKU exRi gv`b m`ú`K`m`PZbZv m`w` Kiv GKwU mte`P AMōaKv`i i w`lq wntm`te Ae`vnZ _vKte| GBwU nte m`ú`mvi Y tmev, exR cL`qb GtRÝx Ges temiKwvi LtZi mwgwZi thš` `wqZj| RvZxq exR tew`KZš` tfr`v Ges KI`Ki cō` hvPvB Kivi w`igE GKwU ItqemvBtUi gva`tg evRvi Z` msMō I Zv cPv`i i tKškj w`ba`YKt`i mwgwZ mnt`hwmZv Ki`te|
- 8.4 বিক্রয়`gi Rb` Dc`w`cZ exR c`v`KtUi tgvōKmg`n `vbxq fvlvq Z`vewj _vKtZ nte| hv`Z mte`P dj b ARō KiZ exRi m`wK e`envi m`ú`K`KI.K c`w`b`Rbv tctZ cv`i |
- 8.5 m`ú`i AcPq wetePbvq eskew`x bv Kti dmj Drcv`tbi Rb` emvYwR`KwfiE`K ভিত্তিবীজ বিক্রয় Kiv`K w`bi`ar`m`w`Z Kiv nte|
- 8.6 evRv`i tgvōK ev tj`v`Mv bKj Kivi gZ Rv`j`qv`Z ev AcKg`eÜ KiZ nte Ges G`_tj`v`K KI`Ki, m`ú`mvi Y Kgx`i Ges AvBtbi bR`ti Avb`Z KtVvi c`tyc MōY Kiv nte| GBt`y`Ā, Uv`dvm`RvZxq h`_vh` tKškj wetePbv Kiv nte|

9. exR wbiwE`v Ges `qsm`ú`Y`Zv :

- 9.1 AwaK cwi gv`Y exRi cōqvRbxqZvi týtĀ, thgb `v`v`vi km`, wkg, cvU, Avj y Zj`v BZ`w` exRi Pwv`v h`_vm`e` t`kxq Drcv`tbi gva`tg c`Y Kiv nte|

9.2 weGwllwm Ges bym³ cŁZŌvbmgn-tK Dbz² gvtbi avb, Mg, cvU I Ab³vb³ extRi Avc`Kijxb
gRy e³e³v Mto ZjtZ nte; hvZ cŁKwZ.K`³thv³ t³Lv w³tj A³ev tKvtbv Gj vKvq exR mieivn
NvUwZ t³Lv w³tj gvbm³ exR mn³tR cvl qv hvq|

9.3 RvZxq Ri³ cwi w³zi Pvn³v tglvtbri Rb³ gvbm³ exR Avc`Kijxb gRy wntmte msi³y³
Ki³tZ temiKvvi tKv³úvbmgn-tK Drm³n t³l qv nte|

10. AeKvWtgv I Z³ mieivn :

10.1 gvbm³ ex³tRi eia³ Pvn³v tglvtZ bZb AeKvWtgv m³o Kiv Ges we³gvb AeKvWtgv³tK
kw³kijx Kivi KvR³tK cŁYv³bv cŁvb Kiv nte| extRi gv³ evotZ MtelYv I Dbqbgj-K Kv³tRi
weKvt³k I AeKvWtgv³ Dbq³t³bi miKvi temiKvvi LvZ³tK mn³thv³MZv Ki³te|

10.2 exR cŁ³qb GtR³Yxi tK³iq RvZxq exR cix³y³v³Mvi I weGwllwmi tK³iq exR cix³y³v³Mvi³tK
Avan³bKvqb Kiv nte; hvZ cix³y³v³Mvi`³AvšR³WZK gv³b AR³ K³ti AvšR³WZK exR cix³y³v³
(BmUv) m³igw³Zi এক্রিডেশন অর্জন করতে পারে| miKvvi I temiKvix tm³±³ti Kg³oZ exR ch³v³ie` I
exRcix³y³K³i cŁk³y³t³Yi Rb³ GB cix³y³v³Mvi`³gl³ f³igKv cij b Ki³te|

10.3 temiKvix cŁZŌvt³bi exR cix³y³v³Mvi³, t³jv hvZ Zvt³i m³y³gZv e³× K³ti AvšR³WZK exR cix³y³v³
(ইসটা) সমিতির এক্রিডেশন অর্জন করতে পারে; সরকার সেজন্য উৎসাহ যোগাবে।

10.4 exR প্রক্রিয়াRvZKiY tK³mg³Avan³bK hšc³wZ³ v³ct³bi gva³tg Kvh³W³vi Zv e³× K³ti exR³t³kvabmn
AZ³v³an³bK ch³v³i K³jv-tKš³t³j i gva³tg extRi³ YMZgv³ evot³bv nte|

10.5 weGwllwm m³y³gZv Aby³v³t³i temiKvvi Lv³t³Zi Dbq³t³bi Rb³ exR প্রক্রিয়াRvZKiY, msi³y³ I cix³y³t³Yi
t³mev cŁvb Ki³te| RvZxq exR tev³W³GB Pvn³v³tK ew³l³ R³ w³f³ie³tZ ch³v³ij³Pbv Ki³te Ges
temiKvvi LvZ³tK t³mev³vt³bi w³el³t³q m³g³v³i k cŁvb Ki³te|

10.6 exR Drcv³bKvix cŁZŌvt³bi big, w³Kv³bv I extRi we³eiYmn exR DBs Gi Avl Zvq GKw³U K³v³úD³Uvi
w³bf³ Z³ f³v³Uvi Mto tZ³v³v nte| GB Z³t³i gva³tg t³tki cŁZw³U A³Ā³t³ miKvvi I temiKvix
tm³±³ti mieivnKZ.extRi e³envi I cŁc³Zv m³ú³tK³GKw³U³ ú³ó aviYv m³o nte|

11. Rxe ch³v³ i gva³tg D³weZRvZ (evtqvtUKt³bjv³ R, U³Y³t³RibK I gij K³zvi we³lls) :

11.1 Kw³.Lv³t³Zi Dbq³t³bi Rxe³ch³v³ i³az³c³Y³ f³igKv cij b Ki³te| GB ch³v³t³K i³ayti³v³Mej³v³B,
t³cv³Kv³gvKo Ges y³iv, eb³v, jeY³v³Zv mnbk³xj bZb Rvt³Zi cŁZ³eb e³envi Kiv hvq ZvB bq;
Drcv³bk³xj Zv Ges Lv³t³i c³v³ Y³ e³×t³ZI G ch³v³ e³envi Ki³tZ nte|

11.2 t³R³t³biUK Bw³Av³bqv³is ch³v³ i gva³tg D³weZ mKj km³/RvZ³tK ew³Y³w³R³K w³f³ie³tZ Aeg³ Kivi
c³te³c³w³itek I Rxe w³bivc³Ēvi Rb³ evs³vt³k RvZxq Rxe w³bivc³Ēv w³evag³v, 2012 Ges Rxe
w³bivc³Ēv w³t³ K³v, 2007 Aby³v³t³i cix³y³v Ki³tZ nte|

11.3 R³x³ নিরাপত্তা বিষয়ক জাতীয় কমিটির অনুমোদনক্রমে w³RGgl dmt³ji exR MtelYvi D³t³ik³
Avg³v³ Kiv hvte|

11.4 U³Y³t³RibK Rvt³Zi dmt³ji ew³Y³w³R³K w³f³ie³tZ Aeg³v³ ci Zvi exR³t³K evs³vt³k RvZxq Rxe
w³bivc³Ēv w³evag³v, 2012 Ges Rxe w³bivc³Ēv w³t³ K³v, 2007-Gi w³ev³av³ev³ij Aby³v³t³i t³tk
w³be³w³Z I ev³R³vi RvZ Ki³tZ nte|

11.5 ew³Y³w³R³Kf³ite P³v³l i Rb³ Aeg³v³ ci, U³Y³t³RibK RvZmgn³tK D³w³c³ RvZ m³y³v³ Av³B³t³bi Avl Zvq
B³w³ev³ Rvt³Zi D³w³c³ i Rb³ cŁhv³R³ GKB c³×w³Z³tZ m³y³v³ cŁvb Kiv nte|

- 11.6 t`tk Avg`vbxKZ. exRi t`y`f`i Zv`i UY`f`RwbK `enkó" m`ú`K`i BvbxKvi K t`tki Dch`y` KZ`e`y`i wBKU n`Z GKwU mb`c`I _vK`Z n`e|
- 11.7 exR ev ecb mvgM`h`i UY`f`RwbK c`h`y`b` c`Y" nq, Zvnt`j t`Kej Rxe`m`b`i`v`c`E`v` w`e`l`q`K RvZ`x`q কমিটির অনুমোদনক্রমে তা আমদানি করার অনুমতি দেয়া হবে।
- 11.8 UY`f`RwbK বীজ/বপন সামগ্রী যদি বিক্র`t`qi Rb" ivLv nq Z`te Zv`Z Rv`Z`i` c`w`i`P`w`Z`g`j`-K t`j`t`e`j` s` _vK`Z n`e| KwL RvZ` d`j`b, DcK`w`i` Zv, UY`f`RwbK w`R`t`b`i` b`i`g` Ges Ab`"v`" c`h`m`w`K Z`"w` c`w`i`P`w`Z t`j`t`e`j` D`t`j`L K`i`Z n`e|
- 11.9 t`tk Rxe c`h`y`b`i` g`v`a`"g` D`"w`e`Z Rv`Z`i` ecb mvgM`h`i` c`i`x`y`Y, kbv`³`K`i`Y Ges g`j`"v`q`t`b`i` Rb" AeK`v`w`t`g`v` D`b`q`t`b`i` Rb" t`R`v`i` t`"l`q`v` n`e|

12. exR Avg`vwb I iBwb :

- 12.1 Drcv`b`k`x`j` Zv, Lv`g`v`i` RvZ Dcv`R`B Ges iBwb Avq evov`Z K`I`K Ges Drcv`K`f`"i` wBKU t`m`i`v` Rv`Z`i` exR h`v`f`Z m`j`f` nq t`m`R`b`" D`"v`i` Avg`vwb b`w`Z eRvq ivLv n`e|
- 12.2 exR Avg`vwb-iBwb exR AvBb I w`e`w`a`g`i`j`v Ges D`w`"c` m`w`b`t`i`v`a` AvBb I w`e`w`a`g`i`j`v t`g`v`Z`v`t`e`K` c`w`i`P`w`j` Z n`e|
- 12.3 AvBb I w`e`w`a`g`i`j`v` Ø`v`i`v` c`h`Z`w`O`Z exR Avg`vwb-iBwbi w`b`q`g`v`e`j`x` e`"e`n`v`i` K`v`i`x`i` Dc`h`v`M`x` w`b`f`"K`v` AvK`v`i` c`K`v`k` K`i`v` n`e| m`K`j` Av`t`e`"b` c`h`f`j`v`P`b`v` K`t`i` t`h`S`w`³`K`f`v`t`e` Ges w`e`w`a` t`g`v`Z`v`t`e`K` h`_v`k`x`N` m`e` Ab`g`w`Z`c`I` R`w`i` K`i`v` n`e|
- 12.4 t`tki Af`š`f`i` বিক্র`t`qi Rb" Avg`vbxKZ. exR`f`K AvBb Ges w`e`w`a`g`i`j`v`q` w`e`a`Z` A`¼`z`i`v`"y`g`Z`v, w`e`i`x`Z`v` Ges "f`" m`ú`w`K`Z` b`"b`Z`g` g`v`b`Ø`m`g`n` Aek`"B` c`i`Y` K`i`Z` n`e| GB w`e`l`t`q` w`e`f`"w`k` m`i`e`i`v`n`K`v`i`x`i` wBKU n`Z` w`b`w`O`Z` n`l`q`v` exRi` g`v`b`m`ú`w`K`Z` c`h`Z`"q`b`c`I` বীজ সম্পূর্ণ বিক্রি না হ`l`q`v` ch`S`l`Avg`vbxKvi`K`f`K` g`R`y` ivL`Z` n`e|
- 12.5 P`w`³`e`x` P`v`l`x`i` g`v`a`"g` exR Drcv`b`f`K` D`r`m`w`i`n`Z` K`i`v` n`e` Ges G` Rb" w`b`q`g`-c`x`w`Z` m`n`R`Z`i` K`i`v` n`e|
- 12.6 exR iBwb e`w`x` K`i`v`i` Rb" GKwU m`g`w`š`Z` c`Ø`P`ó`v` n`v`Z` t`b`q`v` n`e| GB K`v`g`R`v`Ø`f`K` m`n`v`q`Z`v` t`"q`v`i` Rb" GKwU exR iBwb Z`"f`v`Ø`v`i` m`w`O` K`i`v` n`e; t`h`L`v`t`b` m`e`"e` evR`v`t`i`i` Z`"w`i` m`s`i`y`Y` K`i`v` n`e` Ges Drcv`K`M`Y`f`K` w`e`f`"w`k` ক্রেতাদে`i` m`t`½` m`sh`f` K`i`v` n`e| Av`š`R`w`Z`K` exR সংক্রান্ত K`g`m`i`P`f`Z` Ges Ac`i`v`c`i` t`d`v`i`v`t`g` সক্রিয় অংশগ্রহণ করা বীজ iBwbi`D`b`q`t`b` GKwU Ac`w`i`n`v`h`"a`v`c` w`n`t`m`t`e` M`Y`" K`i`v` n`e|

13. Af`š`f`i`Y` exRLvZ :

- 13.1 m`w`e`R` Drcv`b` e`"e`"v`q` Ac`h`Z`w`O`w`b`K` D`r`m` n`Z` c`Ø`B` exR GKwU , i`z`Z`c`Y`"f`i`g`K`v` c`v`j`b` K`f`i` _v`f`K| GB a`i`t`b`i` exRi` g`v`b`D`b`q`b` N`U`v`Z` c`Ø`P`ó`v` P`v`j`v`t`b`v` n`e` h`v; m`i`K`w`i` Ges t`e`m`i`K`w`i` c`h`Z`w`O`v` K`Z`R`e`v`"é`v`q`b` K`i`v` n`e|
- 13.2 P`w`³`e`x` P`v`l`f`"i` Ab`y`Z` Drcv`t`b`i` f`i`j` c`h`y`b`f`K` m`ú`f`m`v`i`f`Y`i` n`w`i`Z`q`v`i` w`n`t`m`t`e` K`v`f`R` j`v`M`v`Z` D`r`m`w`i`n`Z` K`i`v` n`e` h`v`f`Z; Ac`h`Z`w`O`w`b`K` D`r`m` n`Z` c`Ø`B` exRi` g`v`t`b`i` D`b`w`Z`m`v`ab` nq Ges G`i` P`e`v`š`l` j`y`" n`t`j`v` K`I`K`f`"i` w`b`q`w`g`Z`f`v`t`e` Z`v`"i` exR` c`h`Z`"v`c`b` K`i`Z` D`r`m`w`i`n`Z` K`i`v`|
- 13.3 GKwU c`h`Z`h`v`w`M`Z`v`g`l`x` I M`w`Z`k`x`j` exRLvZ` m`R`t`b`i` w`b`i`g`t`E` t`e`m`i`K`w`i` L`v`Z`i` K`g`R`v`f`Ø`i` e`"w`b`f`K` exRLvZ` m`ú`f`m`v`i`Y` K`i`v`i` Rb" D`r`m`w`i`n`Z` K`i`v` n`e|

13.4 RvZ cixyY Ges exRi gvbubqšfYi gZv GB ukfí i Rb" Acivi nvhKvii Mvii mniqZv I tmevi tyImgfn miKvi temiKviiLvZtK tKškjMZ mnivti thiMvb tte| gvbemú` Dbqtb cškyfYi mjeavii miKvii I temiKviiLvZi Rb" mgubfite cšhvR" nte| temiKvii LvZtKI exR cšhv³ velq ubR ubR cšZôvfb KgPZ gvbemú` tK cškvýZ KiZ nte|

13.5 exR ukfí i Dbqtb i Rb" Abšgvii Z exR e"emvq ubtqviiRZ uewfbemviiZtK miKvii m½ Kiv KivtK DrmvinZ Kiv nte|

14. exR LvZi Rb" A_qb :

14.1 uefki AviiR mniqZv Ges bvbvnea Drmingj-K cšYi`bvl mniqZvi Rb" RvZxq ukí bviZ-i AvI Zvq uefepZ òAMñaKvi cšB LvZó Gi tKwZ.jvf Kivi Rb" Kul.gšYij q msukó gšYij q I cšZôvbmgn m½ civgkKti cšqvRbxq c`tyc MšY KiZte|

14.2 ýZ¹I cššK Pvlxt`i Rb" gvbemšZ exRi cšZv ubšZKiZ miKvi tfgqvii` ev`xNfgqvii` wfiÉZ GgbZi mniqZv t`qvi velq uefepbv KiZ cvti hv; বীজের দরদামে এবং বিক্রয়ে স্বাভাবিক e"vemvqK ubqgi m½ uksev RvZxq t`P DšK`ciYKvix exR ukfí i Dbqtb i m½ misNvl R bvnq|

14.3 exR e"emvq ubtqviiRZ e"i³, tKvúvnb ev cšZôvfb i Rb" t`mš cšZôvmbK FY cšBZ miKvi mntviiMZv KiZte|

14.4 exR Ges exR প্রক্রিয়া RvZKiY hšcviZ hvZ mntR Avg`vnb Kiv hvq miKvi tmv`tK`wó ivLte|

14.5 exR ukfí uebtqviiM Kivi Rb" uef`uk tKvúvmbtK DrmvinZ Kiv nte, Zte tmUv tKvfbv vbxq tKvúvmbi m½ thš`fite/Askx`viiZj; ev tkqvi gvij Kivv wfiÉZ nZ nte|

15. AvÁij K Ges AvšRšZK velq :

15.1 Kvii Mvii I tckv`vii thvMvthvM kv³kvjx Kivi Rb" wjY Gkxq AvÁij K mntviiMZv mvgvZ (mivK⁹-Gi gZv AvÁij K msMVbmgfn AskMšY Kiv Ae"vnZ vKte| mivK⁹Kul.Z`tKt`f AvI Zvq cšZôvZ mivK⁹exR e"i³K-এর কার্যক্রমকে উৎসাহিত Kiv nte|

15.2 uewfbædmšji exRi Avg`vnb-išvnb mnRZi Kivi Rb" exRi gvb`ð ubašY ev Dvii⁹ t`v` velqK ubqg-cxvZ cšZôvi Rb" AvÁij K Dš`vMšK`pfite mg`š Rvrbv nte|

15.3 AvšRšZK exR cixyY mvgvZ (BmUv) Ges I Bviiw Gi gZv AvšRšZK msMVbmgfn m`m`c` jvf Kivi cšPóvšK AbšviiY Kiv nte hvZ; RvZxq exRi gvb mšú³K⁹mšPZbZv ewx cvq| Abšvcfite, cšmšK AvšRšZK Kbšfbkbgfn, h_v-AvšRšZK Dvii⁹ mšjyv Kbšfbkb (Avšviišvii) Gi Aaxb`vq`vqZ; hZUv cšvšPšc mše ev`šviiZ Kiv nte|

15.4 RvZxq exR tevW⁹Ges Acivci msukó cšmgfn m½ আলোচনাক্রমে সরকার উদ্ভিদRvZ mšjyv mšú³K⁹ Avek`Kxq AvBb chšj vPbv I Abšgv`šbi Rb" cšqvRbxq e"e`v MšY KiZte|

16. AvšRšZK Dbqb mniqZv :

16.1 Dbqb cšKí Ges temiKvii msMVbmgfnK exRLvZ AskMšY KiZ DrmvinZ Kiv nte|

16.2 exRukfí i thšKvfbv AštK kv³kvjx Kivi gZv mšv`š tKvfbv Kvgšvšš i Rb" Znuešji mšvii mšú³K⁹exR DBs Ges RvZxq exR tevW⁹Gi Dš`vM Ae"vnZ vKte| GKvU Kgšvii Kíbv cšqb Kti AMñaKvi gj-K Kgšvššvii PšvšZ Kti mniqZv t`l qvi Rb" Dbqb mntviiMx mš`vmgnK AvgšY Rvrbv nte|

16.3 KIþKi Avq eaþgj-K ev exRiþivcÈv DbZZi Kivi RbþMvðwvfiÈK Df`vMþK tRvvtj vfvte
DrmvnZ Kiv nte|

17. gubem`u` Dbqþ :

17.1 exR cþnyþ velþq cþkyYþK mteP AMðiaKvi t`qv nte|

17.2 exR cZ`qb GþRÝx, WGB, veGwMwm, bvmFZ miKvvi cZðvb I temiKvvi cZðvb Ges
vekte`vj q nþZ Ziaþ`wZK wMðaviþ`i exR cþnyþ I Div`c cRbb velþq Ávb ARþbi Rb`
AvšRvZK chvþq exRiþí m`úþK`cvi wPvZ jvþfi Rb` GKwU mgvšZ Df`vM tþl qv nte|

17.3 Kul.I mewR Pvþli velþq mKj cðZðvbK wkyv I tckv`vvi wkyvi cv`mþþZ cRbb, Mþel Yv,
exR cþnyþ, exR e`emv Ges exRiþí m`úþK`hvj bvMv` Z_` mubþenkZ _vKte|

18. ev`évb I cvi exyY :

18.1 miKvi KZR Abþgvw` Z nl qvi Ae`emZ ci nþZ GB bwxZgvj v cY`miKvvi KZþZ KvþRvi nte
Ges bwxZgvj wU RvZxq exR tevW`KZR.ev`évbqZ I cvi exyY Z nte|

18.2 Abþgvw` Z nl qvgvÎ GB bwxZgvj wU cþv`Kv AvKvþl ÁvþRU cKvþkZ nte Ges msvkð
I tqemvBumgþn t`qv nte hvþZ; vekþ`vçx BþUvþþU e`envi Kvixiv Zv mþþRB LþR tei KiþZ
cvti |

18.3 bwxZgvj vq wPvY Z cðvb cðvb týÎ , wj ev`évtqi Rb` GKwU Kg`vvi Kí bv cþqb Kiv nte|

18.4 RvZxq exR tevW` exR DBs Ges msvkð DcKvþþvMx þ`Kþvþi viþ` I wþþq bwxZgvj v ev`évbq
cvi w`wZ evvl R` chþj vPbv Kiv nte|

Dcmsvvi :

MYcRvZŠx evsj vþ`k miKvi Avkv tcvY Kþi th, RvZxq exR bwxZgvj v, 2016 mKj miKvvi KZ`y Ges
`þ`msvð cýmgþni cY`mg`þ jvþf Kiþe| Avgvþ`i Kul. Dbqþbi Ab`Zg Dcv`vb exRiþí Dbqþb
mKj þK mnvqZv cðvþ bwxZgvj wU AbþvUK wntmte fvgKv ivLþe| KIK, þfv`v I RbMþYi Pwv`wvfiÈK
GKwU cZþthwMvZvgj-K evRviggx exRiþíi Dbqþb exRLvþZi ms`vi mvaþb bwxZgvj wU cþqvRbxq
w`K-wþ`RbvI cðvb Kiþe|

THE PLANT QUARANTINE RULES, 2015

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 39 of Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 and in supersession of all other rules, orders and notifications in these behalf, The Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh is pleased to make the following rules, namely:-

- Short title **1.** This Rules shall be cited as The Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.
- Definitions **2.** (a) Unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, the Rules-
- (1) “additional declaration” means a statement that is required by an importing country to be entered on a phytosanitary certificate and which provides specific additional information pertinent to the phytosanitary condition of a consignment;
- (2) “american cotton” means all cotton produced in any part of the western hemisphere (North, South & Central America and adjoining islands);
- (3) “article” means any kind of movable property including any goods and stores consigned from one party to another as a shipment and covered by a bill of entry of customs, shipping or airway bill and/ or invoice in the course of international trade;
- (4) “bale” means any pressed package of cotton or cotton fabric, jute or jute products of whatever size or density;
- (5) “biological-control agent” means any biological agent such as parasite, predator, parasitoid, microbial organism or self-replicating entity that is used for control of pests;
- (6) “bio-security” means a strategy and integrated approach that encompasses the policy and regulatory frameworks for analyzing and managing relevant risks to:
- human (food safety)
 - animal life and health
 - plant life and health and associated risks to the environment;
- (7) “certificate” means an official document which attests to the phytosanitary status of any consignment affected by phytosanitary regulations;
- (8) “clearance” (of a consignment) means verification of compliance with phytosanitary regulations;
- (9) “commodity” means a type of plant, plant product, or other article being moved for trade or other purpose;

- (10) “commodity class” means category of similar commodities that can be considered together in phytosanitary regulations;
- (11) “consignment” means a quantity of plants, plant products and/or other articles being moved from one country to another and covered, when required, by a single phytosanitary certificate (a consignment may be composed of one or more commodities or lots);
- (12) “controlled area” means a regulated area which the NPQA has determined to be the minimum area necessary to prevent spread of a pest from a quarantine area;
- (13) “cotton” means ginned cotton and droppings, stripping, cotton fly and other waste products of a cotton mill other than yarn waste, but does not include cotton seed or un-ginned cotton;
- (14) “detention” means keeping a consignment in official custody or confinement, as a phytosanitary measure [FAO, 1990; revised FAO, 1995; CEPM, 1999; ICPM, 2005];
- (15) “dunnage” means wood packing materials used to secure or support a commodity but which does not remain associated with the commodity[FAO 1990; revised ISPM No 15, 2002];
- (16) “eradication” means application of phytosanitary measures to eliminate a pest from an area [FAO, 1990; revised FAO, 1995; formerly eradicate];
- (17) “form” means the appropriate form prescribed in the First Schedule;
- (18) “fruit” means any fleshy portion of the plant, that contain seeds, which is used for consumption, including seedless fruit both fresh and dry but does not include preserved or pickled or frozen fruits;
- (19) “fumigation” means treatment with a chemical agent that reaches the commodity wholly or primarily in the gaseous state;
- (20) “germplasm” means plants intended for use in breeding or conservation programmes [FAO, 1990];
- (21) “grain” means a commodity class for seeds intended for processing or consumption and not for sowing or propagation;
- (22) “inspection” means official visual examination of plants, plant products or other regulated articles to determine if pests are

present and/or to determine compliance with phytosanitary regulations;

(23) “interception”(of a consignment) means the refusal or controlled entry of an imported consignment due to failure to comply with phytosanitary regulations;

(24) “interception” (of a pest) means the detection of a pest during inspection or testing of an imported consignment;

(25) “irradiation” means the treatment of food or agricultural products with any type of processing of ionized radiation such as gamma irradiation or micro-electron acceleration processing;

(26) “living modified organism (LMO)” means any living organism that possesses a novel combination of genetic material obtained through the use of modern biotechnology [Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity,2000];

(27) “pest risk analysis” means the process of evaluating biological or other scientific and economic evidence to determine whether an organism is a pest, whether it should be regulated, and the strength of phytosanitary measures to be taken against it [FAO, 1995; revised IPPC,1997];

(28) “pest risk management” means the decision-making process to reduce the risk of introduction and spread of pests;

(29) “phytosanitary measure” means any legislation, regulation or official procedure having the purpose to prevent the introduction and/or spread of quarantine pests, or to limit the economic impact of regulated non-quarantine pests;

(30) “phytosanitary regulation” means official rule to prevent the introduction and/or spread of quarantine pests, or to limit the economic impact of regulated non-quarantine pests, including establishment of procedures for phytosanitary certification;

(31) “phytosanitary procedure” means any officially prescribed method for performing inspections, tests, surveys or treatments in connection with regulated pests;

(32) “point of entry” means airport, seaport or land border point officially designated for the importation of consignments, and/or entrance of passengers;

(33) “prohibition” means a phytosanitary regulation forbidding the importation or movement of specified pests or commodities;

(34) “quarantine” means official confinement of regulated articles for observation and research or for further inspection, testing and/or treatment;

(35) “quarantine pest” means a pest of potential economic importance to the area endangered thereby and not yet present there, or present but not widely distributed and being officially controlled;

(36) “release” (of a consignment) means authorization for entry after clearance;

(37) “refusal” means forbidding entry of a consignment or other regulated article when it fails to comply with phytosanitary regulations;

(38) “regulated article” means any plant, plant product, storage place, packaging, conveyance, container, soil and other organism, object or material capable of harbouring or spreading pests, deemed to require phytosanitary measures, particularly where international transportation is involved [FAO,1990; revised FAO,1995; IPPC,1997];

(39) “regulated non-quarantine pest” means a non-quarantine pest whose presence in plants for planting affects the intended use of those plants with an economically unacceptable impact and which is therefore regulated within the territory of the importing country [IPPC, 1997];

(40) “restriction” means a phytosanitary regulation allowing the importation or movement of specified commodities subject to specific requirements [CEPM, 1996, revised CEPM, 1999];

(41) “schedule” means any schedule to this rules;

(42) “seeds” means a commodity class for seeds for planting or intended for planting/sowing or propagating and not for consumption or processing [FAO,1990; revised ICPM, 2001];

(43) “soil” means earth, sand, clay, silt, loam, stone, compost, manure, peat or sphagnum moss, litter, leaf waste or any organic media that support the plant life and shall include ship ballast or any organic medium used for growing plants;

(44) “spread” means expansion of the geographical distribution of a pest within an area;

(45) “surveillance” means official process which collects and records data on pest occurrence or absence by survey, monitoring or other procedures;

(46) “survey” means an official procedure conducted over a defined period of time to determine the characteristics of a pest population or to determine which species occur in an area;

(47) “technically justified” means justified on the basis of conclusions reached by using an appropriate pest risk analysis or, where applicable, another comparable examination and evaluation of available scientific information.

(48) “test” means official examination, other than visual, to determine if pests are present or to identify pests;

(49) “timber” means a form of dead wood, log and lumber cut from plants, with or without bark or sawn and sized, which is used for manufacturing veneer, plywood, particle or chip board and making building material, furniture, packages, pallets sports goods and handicrafts;

(50) “tissue cultured plants” means any part of a plant or plant tissue or plantlet grow under aseptic or sterile conditions in flasks or other suitable closed container on appropriate media and shall include ex-agar washed plantlets;

(51) “treatment” means official procedure for the, inactivation or removal of pests, or for rendering pests infertile or for devitalization;

(52) “wood packaging materials” means wood or wood products (excluding paper products) used in supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity (includes dunnage).

(b) In this Rules any reference to a Schedule shall read as a reference to a Schedule under this Rules, and any reference to a Form shall read as a reference to a Form contained in the First Schedule.

National Plant Quarantine Authority **3.** (1) For the purposes of implementation of this Rules, Director, Plant Quarantine Wing of Department of Agricultural Extension will act as the National Plant Quarantine Authority (*hereinafter called* NPQA) and shall exercise all the powers of the Authority until an independent National Plant Quarantine Authority is established. The Director, Plant Quarantine Wing (PQW) will act as the head of the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) of Bangladesh in accordance with the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC).

(2) NPPO work area:

- a) fulfill the functions of the contact point as determined within the framework of IPPC;
- b) communicate phytosanitary issues on behalf of Bangladesh;
- c) provide coordination for all official phytosanitary communication between contracting parties;
- d) redirect phytosanitary information received from contracting parties and from IPPC Secretariat to appropriate official(s), etc.

(3) All the officers and employees of the Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension shall act as the officers and employees of the Authority until a separate organization established under sub-section (1).

Import permit **4.** (1) No consignments of the following plant materials which may be a source or medium of infection or infestation by pests destructive to agriculture or medium for the introduction of noxious weeds, shall be imported into Bangladesh without valid import permit issued by the NPQA-

- (a) Seeds of planting and other propagative materials;
- (b) Growing media;
- (c) Any of the following plant products –
 - (i) food grain for consumption, usually imported in bulk, such as rice, wheat, maize and other cereals, pulses and oil seeds;
 - (ii) root and tubers such as cassava, potato;
 - (iii) spices, such as cumin, coriander, clove, cardamom, dried chilies;
 - (iv) fresh fruits, such as orange, grape fruit, mango, apple, pear;
 - (v) dried fruits, such as raisins, almond, date;
 - (vi) medicinal plants or plant products;
 - (vii) raw, ginned cotton; the import of un-ginned cotton is prohibited;
 - (viii) timber and timber products;
 - (ix) bamboo and bamboo products;
 - (x) cane and cane products;

- (xi) any other plant products, the importation of which may pose a threat for the introduction or spread of quarantine pests.
- (d) In case of seeds of Notified Crops (Rice, Wheat, Potato, Sugarcane, Jute, Kenaf and Mesta) the NPQA will issue import permit (IP) subject to the prior approval of the Ministry of Agriculture when the quantity exceeds 25kg;
- (e) Pests of Quarantine concern to Bangladesh, the importation of which is strictly prohibited, are listed in the **Second Schedule**.

(2) For import of plants and plant products the importers shall have the import permit (IP) before opening a Letter of Credit (LC).

(3) No import permit shall be issued for consignments other than those listed in Schedule II unless the **pest risk analysis (PRA)** is carried out in accordance with the guidelines issued by the NPQA based on the international standards and subject to such restrictions and phytosanitary conditions specified thereof. However, carrying out PRA is not applicable for the import of plants or plant products or beneficial organism for scientific, research or educational purposes. For the purpose the importer shall file an import PRA request form with the NPQA. The process of PRA involves the categorization of pests associated with the commodity into quarantine pests; evaluation of their introduction potential; critical assessment of economic and environmental impact of their introduction; and specification of risk mitigating measures against them. The completion of PRA process may involve the visit of phytosanitary experts to the country of export to carryout pre-shipment inspections, evaluate post-harvest treatment technologies and quarantine inspection and certification facilities. In the event of inspection of a quarantine pest in imported consignment, further import of consignments shall be suspended until entire PRA in respect of the consignment is reviewed and the risk mitigating measures are evaluated.

(4) On the import permit, there shall have a description regarding the type of treatment to be applied on the plants or plants products, if imported, or other measures, including post-entry quarantine for ascertaining phytosanitary before or after importation of plants or plant products.

(5) Notwithstanding the generality of Sub-rules 4(1), the National Plant Quarantine Authority may exceptionally and at its own discretion, allow the importation of a consignment if such consignment was not accompanied by a valid import permit at the time of arrival into Bangladesh, in which case permission for special release in Form IVA shall be issued. In this context, the

importer of the consignment shall submit an application for Special Release Order following Form III B.

(6) Any application for import of plants or plant products whether by air, sea, river, postal, land or other means shall be made by an importer to the NPQA and shall be in First Schedule (Form I) .

(7) Any officer authorized in writing by the NPQA, as listed in the Fourth Schedule, may issue to the importer an import permit in First Schedule (Form II A or Form II B), as applicable, within seven working days of the receipt of the application, if such import permit is granted.

(8) If the application for an import permit is incomplete or deficient in any respect, the applicant will be duly informed within seven working days of the receipt of the application, to enable the applicant to provide the full information and so satisfy the requirements for the issue of an import permit.

(9) The import permit shall remain valid for a period of four months, or for such period as the NPQA may from time to time deem it appropriate, and may be extended for another period of two months.

(10) The import permit issued shall not be transferred and no amendments to the permit shall be issued except for change of period of validity or point of entry, subject to reasons for such change having been submitted in writing by the importer.

(11) If application of an import permit is refused, the applicant will be duly informed within seven working days of the receipt of the application, giving the reasons for refusal to issue the import permit.

(12) An import permit may be revoked if, in the opinion of the NPQA, the importer has willfully contravened any provision of the Rules, or if there is compelling reason to believe that the consignment to be imported is likely to pose a threat to agricultural production in Bangladesh.

(13) Any plant or plant product, beneficial organism or packing material shall be imported into Bangladesh only through a designated point of entry, and upon notification for importation, the import permit issued against the consignment and the phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPQA of the exporting country shall have to be submitted to the concerned Plant Quarantine Officer for examination.

(14) The Authority (NPQA) may, with the approval of the Government, by notification in the official Gazette, from time to time, exempt certain plants or plant products from the condition of import.

(15) Limited quantities of plants or plant products carried by passengers as accompanied baggage must be declared to the Plant Quarantine Officer. Plant Quarantine Officer may, release the product subject to examination without taking any quarantine fees and charges. The quantity of such plants or plant products limiting to Two (2) kilograms or Ten (10) in numbers except for seed/ planting materials.

- Phyto­sanitary certificate
5. (1) Any consignment shall be accompanied by phyto­sanitary certificate, issued by the National Plant Protection Organization hereinafter called NPPO) of the country of origin of the consignment.
- (2) If the consignment has been exported from a country other than the country of origin, the consignment shall in addition be accompanied by phyto­sanitary certificate for re-export issued by the NPPO of the country of re-export.
- (3) Notwithstanding the generality of Sub-rules (1) and (2), the NPQA may exceptionally and at its own discretion, allow the importation of a consignment if, at the time of arrival into Bangladesh, such consignment-
- (a) was accompanied by phyto­sanitary certificate, and, or, phyto­sanitary certificate for re-export, without additional declaration(s) where such additional declaration(s) are required in accordance with Rule 7; or
 - (b) was not accompanied by valid phyto­sanitary certificate of the country of origin, and, or, valid phyto­sanitary certificate for re-export of the country of re-export;
 - (c) was not accompanied by valid phyto­sanitary certificate, fulfilling phyto­sanitary requirements of Bangladesh in respect of specific commodity but without import permit may be released at the discretion of NPQA after post-entry quarantine examination, in which case a permission for special release order in Form IVA shall be issued.
- Refusal & Revocation of Permits & Certificates
6. The Authority (NPQA) may, on reasonable grounds,-
- (i) cancel an import permit and certificate issued; and
 - (ii) alter or correct it at any time.
- Additional declaration
7. (1) With a view to preventing the introduction into Bangladesh of quarantine pests listed in the Second Schedule, or the spread thereof, any or all of the conditions specified in column 6 and 7 of the Second Schedule, shall apply in addition to the conditions under Rules 4 and 5, and shall be declared on the phyto­sanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the country of origin:

(2) Any consignment may, immediately upon arrival in Bangladesh, in accordance with details as listed in column 4 of the Second Schedule, be subject to compulsory post-entry treatment, as shall be specified in the import permit, and/or, in the case of seed and other propagative materials, carry out post-entry quarantine examination, as shall be specified in the import permit.

(3) Consignments arriving without necessary additional declaration, where such declaration is required in the phytosanitary certificate from the competent authority of the country of origin and without import permit from the NPQA shall be confiscated and destroyed after making an order in Form V.

Implied
conditions

- 8.** (1) Any seed shall be-
- (a) clearly identified and labeled as to species, cultivar;
 - (b) packed in clean new packaging material;
- (2) Any plant in tissue culture shall be-
- (a) contained in a clear glass or plastic vessel/container;
 - (b) imported in the vessel/container in which it has been grown;
 - (c) within a clear agar-based medium, free from opaque matter and poured into the vessel while liquid; and
 - (d) aseptic;
- (3) Any plant roots, rhizomes and tubers shall be-
- (a) washed thoroughly; and
 - (b) repacked in sand, saw dust or other material rendered safe by sterilization or other disinfection method;
- (4) Any packaging material, e.g. hay, straw, chaff, wooden plank or pit, employed in the importation of nursery stock or other planting material shall be rendered free from any pest by appropriate treatment.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Rules relating to importation, the NPQA may at any time prohibit or restrict the importation of any plants or plant products which, in the opinion of NPQA, may be the source of infection or infestation to plants and may, in the case of an emergency, waive, alter or modify any conditions relating to such importation.

Points of entry
and exit

- 9.** Importation and exportation of any consignment, whether by air, sea, land, river, postal or other means shall be only through an officially recognized point of entry and exit as listed in the Third Schedule, and in case of seed and other propagative materials, only through the designated point of entry and exit, as shall be specified in the import permit issued by the authority (NPQA).

- Notification **10.** (1) The importer shall at least seven days in advance notify the NPQA of the probable date of arrival of the consignment to be imported stating the number of the import permit, the point of entry and the means of conveyance, quantity, country of origin and in case of ship or vessel its name, and will immediately notify and confirm with the NPQA the arrival of the consignment.
- (2) Any Officer of Customs who becomes aware of the importation of plants or plant products, pests, beneficial organisms, packaging materials or other regulated articles, other than things which are not required to be declared, shall immediately notify the Plant Quarantine Officer or other designated Officer of the NPQA.
- Inspection **11.** (1) The importer of the consignment shall submit an application for Release Order following Form III together with import permit, the phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the country of origin, and, if applicable, the phytosanitary certificate for re-export issued by the NPQA of the country of re-export, to the Plant Quarantine Officer for perusal and record.
- (2) If deemed necessary, the Plant Quarantine Officer may inspect or test the consignment, wholly or by representative samples drawn from the consignment (Schedule Seven), and, or, its container, to confirm that it complies with the import conditions, and if-
- (a) conditions as stipulated in the Rule 15 do not apply,
 - (i) issue a Form III A and release the consignment if satisfied that all conditions have been complied with; or
 - (ii) issue an order, if not satisfied that all conditions have been complied with, at the expense of the importer, fumigation, disinfestation or disinfection treatment, as may be deemed fit, before the consignment is released;
 - (a) condition as stipulated in the Rule 15 apply, arrange for the specified treatment, and, or, in the case of seed and other propagative materials, post-entry quarantine of the consignment.
 - (b) The representative sample should be drawn from the lot or consignment in presence of the representative(s) of the importer and port authority/custom/terminal personnel. The samples are required to bag using brass seal provided by the NPQA for the purpose of security and integrity of the samples.

(3) Any consignment, the import of which has been granted in the Rule 4(5) or Rule 5(3), and provided that all other conditions have been complied with, may be released after issue of a special release order (SRO) in Form IVB.

(4) The person who transports or stores any plant or plant product, beneficial organism or packing materials or is in charge of the conveyance or the store shall be bound to make the conveyance or store and its contents available for inspection and treatment, if required, in accordance with the order of Plant Quarantine Officer.

(5) No person shall obstruct the Officer of the NPQA in the due discharge of his duties; and no person shall refuse to permit the making of any examination required under these rules or refuse to carry out the instructions of the Officer related to the effective control of any pest.

(6) For the purpose of inspection, fumigation or any phytosanitary treatments or destruction of plants or plant products, regulated articles the required conveyance and other related expenses shall be borne by the exporter or importer.

(7) All risk or damages of any kind associated with, or resulting from fumigation or other treatment shall devolve in the exporter or importer.

Anchorage permit **12.** Any consignment of raw cotton or of food grains arriving in bulk by vessel through the sea ports shall require an anchorage permit in Form VII. For the purpose of obtaining the anchorage permit the importer shall submit an application in Form VI.

Import of plants or plant products by post/ courier service **13.** (1) Import of plants and plant products through post parcel shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 4(4) and 4(5).

(2) On arrival of plants and plant products at the foreign post office/Courier Service the postal authority shall inform and hand over such parcel to the Director or Plant Quarantine Officer concerned who shall conduct necessary examination, render appropriate treatments, if required, and issue a release order in Form III A after realizing necessary fees;

(3) No such parcel shall be released by the postal/Courier authority without a release order from the Director or plant Quarantine Officer, as the case may be, Plants and plant products imported through parcel in violation of these rules shall be handled in accordance with Rule 15 and decision for disposal

thereof shall be intimated to the foreign post office and the consignee;

(4) In case of arrival of a consignment by post, the postal authority shall, within 24 hours after arrival, inform and hand over the parcel containing the consignment to the NPQA for further release procedures;

(5) No such parcel containing plants or plant products shall be released by the postal authority including courier services without a release order from the NPQA.

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|-------------------------|--|
| Post-entry quarantine | <p>14. Post-entry quarantine for seeds and other propagative materials will be carried out by or under the supervision of the NPQA, at the expenses of the importer, in the facilities established in accordance with International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM-34).</p> |
| Refusal or confiscation | <p>15. (1) Any consignment arriving in Bangladesh without a valid import permit, and without valid phytosanitary certificate with additional declaration(s) where such additional declaration(s) are required, and without a phytosanitary certificate for re-export where such certificate is required, shall, subject to the provisions of Sub-rule (2), be refused to entry or returned to the exporter or shall, after making an order in Form V, be disposed of, confiscated and destroyed at the expense of exporter.</p> <p>(2) Any consignment, in which at any stage during inspection, testing or post-entry quarantine, as the case may be, a quarantine pest listed in the Second Schedule, or any other pest, is intercepted, shall, at the expense of the importer, be treated, disposed of or destroyed as deemed necessary at the expenses of importer or exporter.</p> |
| Interception | <p>16. If at any stage during inspection, testing or post-entry quarantine, any quarantine pest listed in the Second Schedule, is intercepted, this will be communicated immediately-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) to the importer concerned, together with specified instructions for the application of phytosanitary measures that shall be implemented under supervision of Plant Quarantine Officer;(b) to the NPPO of the exporting country, and, or, the re-exporting country, as the case may be; and(c) to the Secretariat of the International Plant Protection Convention (hereinafter called IPPC). |

Inspection of
ship's container

- 17.** (1) The shipping agent of a ship carrying consignments of plants or plant products shall supply the shipping manifest to the Plant Quarantine Officer at least fifteen days before the arrival of such ship.
- (2) The port authority of the seaports shall notify a Plant Quarantine Officer of the arrival of ships carrying passengers or consignments of plants or plant products.
- (3) The Plant Quarantine Officer shall accompany the berthing team as a member of the Berthing Committee, and shall examine any plant or plant product accompanying passengers, and, on the basis of the shipping manifest, the holds or any containers holding plants or plant products which are likely to carry or harbor pests.
- (4) The Plant Quarantine Officer shall render such treatment as deemed appropriate to any plant or plant product whether accompanying passengers or as cargo to prevent the dissemination of pests from ships.
- (5) The Plant Quarantine Officer shall inspect the pantry and store rooms for food materials and shall keep the stores sealed till such time as the ship is ready for sail.
- (6) During the stay of the ship in port, necessary food provisions shall be made available for consumption by the crew from a separate well protected store room to minimize the risk of spread of any pests.
- (7) No container with dunnage or loaded with plants or plant products shall be allowed outside the protected area of the port without the written permission of the Plant Quarantine Officer in Form X.
- (8) In case of American cotton arriving at Chittagong Port or Port of Mongla the hatches of the ships shall be opened in presence of Plant Quarantine Officer for inspection and disinfection before discharging. The cotton shall thereafter be fumigated by Plant Quarantine Officer in a space within the port protected area provided by the Port authority and approved by the NPQA;
- (9) No vessel shall discharge American cotton or any other cotton during a period of rain, mist or drizzle;
- (10) Cotton other than American cotton, which is imported in a vessel carrying any bale or bales of American cotton shall be deemed to have been in contact therewith and shall be treated as

American cotton and shall be subjected to the restrictions and conditions specified in these rules;

- (11) Samples of American cotton imported by parcel post or as ship or air parcel, not exceeding 10 kilogram per parcel in weight shall be handed over to Plant Quarantine Officer by the postal authority for examination and fumigation before release.
- (12) Transit movement or transshipment of American cotton is permitted if shipments are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate and are so packed that pest cannot enter or escape. For the purpose of transshipment, if a part or whole of the consignment requires discharge within the port site or barges, the consignment shall be subjected to restrictions and conditions specified in these rules.
- (13) Cotton fabrics carried in the same vessel with American cotton shall be subjected to disinfection and fumigation as specified in these rules before release.

Import of prohibited plant materials for scientific, research educational purposes

- 18.** (1) No person, company or organization shall import from any country any sample of seed or other propagative materials that are prohibited unless-
 - (a) the import is for scientific, research and educational purposes only;
 - (b) Special import permit is obtained from the NPQA , and the consignment is accompanied by valid phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the country of origin.
- (2) The samples shall be routed only through Hazrat Shah Jalal International Airport or any other designated point of entry and shall be reported to the Plant Quarantine Officer on arrival for record purposes only.
- (3) The samples shall not exceed the maximum sample size as listed in the Fifth Schedule.

Restriction on import of pests

- 19.** No person, company or organization shall import from any country any harmful living insect, animal, bird, elongated invertebrate lacking appendages, nematode, fungus culture, bacterial culture, viral culture, mycoplasma culture, any form of protozoa, obnoxious weed plant or their propagating material, or any form of similar or allied organism which may directly or indirectly affect, injure or cause disease in plants except under a special import permit and in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) the proposed importation is to be made for scientific, research and educational purposes only;
- (b) an application is submitted to NPQA stating the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee, the scientific name of the organism, the institution or place of origin, quantity, number of containers, intended purpose, and the name and address of the person by whom or the institution where the material will be used;
- (c) the importation is routed only through Chittagong Seaport or Hazrat Shah Jalal International Airport, Dhaka, or such other designated point of entry as may be decided by the NPQA;
- (d) the forwarding label issued with the permit designating the route through which the importation is permitted has been forwarded by the importer to the shipper and is affixed to the body of the consignment;
- (e) any importation under this Section is subject to inspection at the prescribed point of entry and may be held for further examination and refused entry or destroyed if, in the opinion of the Plant Quarantine Officer, such importation is found to include any pest or other injurious organism not specifically covered by the permit.

Import of beneficial organisms

20. No person, company or organization shall import any exotic beneficial organism, insect both vertebrate or invertebrate (Mollusca, Crustacea, Myriapoda, Insecta) for scientific, research, educational, industrial or medicinal purposes, except under a special import permit, and in accordance with the terms of the NPQA.

Import of exotic plants

21. No person, company or organization shall import useful exotic plant species including micro-organisms and their propagating materials unless the pest risk analysis (PRA) is carried out. However, the NPQA may, allow import of useful exotic plant species including micro-organisms and their propagating material under a special import permit for the scientific, research or educational purposes.

Notification to the Plant Quarantine Officer

22. (1) If any person, with or without his consent, receives any plant or plant product, beneficial organisms or packing materials from outside Bangladesh, he shall notify it to the Plant Quarantine Officer.

(2) The Plant Quarantine Officer shall, upon examination thereof, make arrangement for their release or destruction or treatment or disposal.

Examination and sample collection	<p>23. (1) Any importer or exporter shall, on demand by the Plant Quarantine Officer, be bound to allow him to examine and collect sample from the import or export materials.</p> <p>(2) Sampling of plants or plant products and other regulated articles for export or import may be done by the Plant Quarantine Officer at the points of entry or exit or other points as determined by the authority (Schedule Seven).</p>
Movement of container	<p>24. No plant or plant product, pest, beneficial organism or packing material or other regulated articles under examination of the Plant Quarantine Officer shall be moved or no container shall be opened, except in accordance with the permission of the Plant Quarantine Officer: Provided that this provision shall be relaxable for Officer of customs or of the post office.</p>
Seizure of plants or plant products harbouring the pest	<p>25. If any plant or plant product, which is suspected of harbouring any pest, is imported into Bangladesh or remains in transit through Bangladesh or is transported from one part of Bangladesh to another in contravention of the provisions of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 plants or plant product may be seized or, as the case may be, refused to entry, destroyed, moved or treated, or any other necessary phytosanitary measures may be taken.</p>
Pre-export examination	<p>26. (1) In case of export of plants or plant products, each and every consignment shall have to be examined by the Plant Quarantine Officer.</p> <p>(2) Each consignment of plants or plant products submitted for export shall be examined by the Plant Quarantine Officer following inspection procedures, sampling schedule and fulfilling the phytosanitary import requirements of the importing country.</p> <p>(3) If the consignment submitted deems to be fit for issuance of a phytosanitary certificate, the Plant Quarantine Officer shall issue a phytosanitary certificate.</p> <p>(4) No phytosanitary certificate shall be granted for any plant or plant product, intended for shipment to a country in which its entrance is absolutely prohibited.</p> <p>(5) No phytosanitary certificate shall be granted for any plant or plant product which has been taken from or mixed with other plants or plant products which are infected or infested.</p>

Phytosanitary
certification
for export

(6) The plant quarantine officer shall have the authority to issue a health certificate to the applicant for export of plants or plant products, if required. For the issuance of health certificate the plant quarantine officer shall collect fee at the rate determined by the NPQA.

27. (1) Any application for export certification whether by air, sea, river or land shall be made by an exporter to the officer authorized in writing by the NPQA, as listed in the Fourth Schedule, and shall be in Form VIII.

(2) To allow for proper inspection, and treatment if required, the application shall be made at least one day before the date of intended shipment in case of perishable goods and at least fifteen days in case of non-perishable goods.

(3) If the consignment intended for export, is found to be free from injurious pests, and also otherwise conforms to the conditions as stated on the import permit issued by the NPPO of the importing country, a phytosanitary certificate shall be issued in Form IX by the NPQA to the exporter to accompany the consignment.

(4) No phytosanitary certificate shall be granted for any consignment that has been taken from, or has been mixed with, any other consignment of plants or plant products which are infected or infested; and no phytosanitary certificate shall be granted for any plants or plant products intended for shipment to a country into which the entry of such plants or plant products is prohibited.

(5) Once a phytosanitary certificate has been issued for a specific category of plants or plant products, intended for export, the consignment shall not be mixed with or kept in close proximity to any other plants or plant products not covered by the phytosanitary certificate, nor shall any of the plant or plant product for which the phytosanitary certificate has been issued be replaced by any other plant or plant product from the same category or from another category not mentioned in the phytosanitary certificate.

(6) The Plant Quarantine Officer may at any time before shipment re-examine any commodities intended for export after the granting of phytosanitary certificate, and, in case any variation as referred to under Sub-rule (5) is detected, the shipment of the consignment shall be stopped by the Plant Quarantine Officer, who shall reserve the right to pass an order for confiscation and destruction of the consignment, without any right for compensation to the exporter, or to return the consignment to the shipper, whichever is appropriate, and blacklist the exporter, agent or company, if deemed necessary, to whom further issuance of phytosanitary certificate for

consignments of plants or plant products intended for export may be refused.

(7) If any variation as referred to under Sub-rule (5) is detected by the NPPO of the importing country, the phytosanitary certificate granted by the NPQA shall be considered not valid and the importing country shall have the right to take any action deemed appropriate, including confiscation and destruction of the consignment, with no right for compensation to the exporter.

(8) The Plant Quarantine Officer may, at the request of outgoing passengers, after necessary examination, and, or, treatment, issue a phytosanitary certificate for small quantities of plants or plant products being carried as accompanied or hand baggage, unless the importation into the country of destination of such plants or plant products is prohibited.

(9) All risks or damages of any kind associated with, or resulting from, fumigation or other treatment as required before a phytosanitary certificate can be issued, the cost in this regard shall be borne by the exporter.

Validity of phytosanitary certificate

28. (1) The phytosanitary certificate granted for the export of a consignment of non-perishable plants or plant products shall be valid for a period of fifteen days from the date of issue and in case of perishable plants or plant products shall be twenty four hours for the purpose of such export.

(2) Consignments for export for which the phytosanitary certificate has been issued, shall be shipped within the period of validity, failing which a new application shall be made for the issuance of a phytosanitary certificate.

(3) In case a consignment for which a phytosanitary certificate has been issued is shipped after the validity period of the phytosanitary certificate, and no application has been made for a new phytosanitary certificate, the NPQA shall not be held responsible for any objections raised, or action taken, by the NPPO of the importing country.

Replacement of phytosanitary certificate

29. Phytosanitary certificate may be replaced at the request of an exporter for a consignment for which a phytosanitary certificate has already been issued. The replacement of phytosanitary certificate can be done only in exceptional circumstances (e.g. damage to the phytosanitary certificate issued, change of addresses, country of destination or points of entry; missing or incorrect information) and shall be carried out by the Plant Quarantine Officer that issued phytosanitary certificate.

In all cases, the issuing Plant Quarantine Officer shall request exporter to return the original phytosanitary certificate and any certified copies that have already been issued for the consignments.

Other requirements concerning replacement of the phytosanitary certificate include;

(1) The phytosanitary certificate returned to, for replacement shall be retained by the Plant Quarantine Officer and be cancelled. The new phytosanitary certificate shall not have the same number as the certificate being replaced. The number of the original certificate shall not be reused.

(2) When previously issued phytosanitary certificate cannot be returned to the Plant Quarantine Officer and have left the care and control of the NPPO(for example because they are lost or in another country), the Plant Quarantine Officer may decide that it is appropriate to issue a replacement certificate. The new phytosanitary certificate shall not have the same number as the phytosanitary certificate being replaced but shall refer to it by including as additional declaration stating that “ This certificate replaces and cancels phytosanitary certificate number [insert number] issued on [insert date].

Prohibition 30. (1) No exporter shall export any plant or plant product without a phytosanitary certificate issued by the Authority (NPQA) against export

(2) The Authority (NPQA) may, with prior approval of the Government, from time to time, prescribe the procedure for exportation of plants or plant products.

(3) The Authority (NPQA) may, with prior approval of the Government, by Notification in the Official Gazette, from time to time, exempt certain plants or plant products from the conditions for export.

Disposal of seized materials

31. (1) Consignments of plants, plant products, or other regulated articles, the import of which into Bangladesh is regulated under this Rules-

(a) seized by the law enforcing agencies such as the Border Guard Bangladesh (BGB), Police, Coast Guard or any other law enforcing authority; or

(b) that are not taken delivery by the importer or consignee in the scheduled time as specified by the Port/Customs Authority, shall come under the jurisdiction of this Rules at the time of disposal through public auction by the competent authority (NPQA).

(2) The money accrued under public auction shall be credited to the government treasury.

(3) In cases where such consignments are found to be infested or infected with any pest of quarantine concern, that shall be destroyed or fumigated or treated in any other manner as deemed

- necessary by the Plant Quarantine Officer, and in case of release through auction after fumigation or treatment the cost of such fumigation or treatment shall be borne by the bidder.
- Delegation of powers by the Authority **32.** For the purposes of implementation of this Rule, the Authority (NPQA) may delegate any of its powers to the Plant Quarantine Officer or any other officer working under the Authority (NPQA).
- Prohibition or restriction on import and export of plants or plant products, etc. **33.** (1) The import or export of any plants or plant products which have the potential threat to introduce any pest into plants and plant products may be prohibited, restricted or otherwise controlled subject to the conditions mentioned in the import or export policy order issued by the Government, from time to time, under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1950 (Act No. XXXIX of 1950).
- (2) For the purposes of this Rules, the powers of the customs officers to impose restrictions on import and export, from time to time, under the Customs Act, 1969 (Act No. IV of 1969) may be exercised in the case of import and export of plants and plant products and packaging materials, and accordingly the provisions of this Rules shall have effect in this behalf.
- Transit and re-export **34.** (1) Consignments of seeds, propagative materials, plants, plant products and growing substrates in transit through Bangladesh, whether by land, air, sea or river, shall be accompanied by a copy of the phytosanitary certificate issued by the NPPO of the country of origin, and shall be packed in such a manner that there is no risk of any plant pests escaping from the consignment.
- (2) Consignments in transit shall not be removed from the conveyance except with the permission of the NPQA.
- (3) If for any reason a consignment of any plants or plant products the entry of which into Bangladesh is prohibited or restricted, has to be removed from the conveyance, the NPQA may order the detention, treatment or destruction of such plants or plant products in transit, or order the plants or plant products to be returned to the consignor by such means as it may approve, or allow clearance for forwarding the plants or plant products to its final destination after proper examination and treatment if required, and issuance of a phytosanitary certificate for re-export.
- Containment and eradication of pests **35.** The Authority (NPQA) may, with prior approval of the Government, by notification in the Official Gazette, restrict or prohibit the entry, introduction, sale, cultivation, multiplication or transportation of any plant or plant product, pest, genetically modified organism, living modified organism and alien invasive species, beneficial organism, germplasm, packing material or any similar material capable of harbouring and spreading pests.

Declaration regarding quarantine pests

36. (1) If any pest present, or is likely to be present or is a threat to the production of crops or to the trade in plants or plant products, to the beneficial organisms or to the natural environment, and if any pest which presents in Bangladesh is considered to be necessary for confinement or eradication, the NPQA may, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare such pest as a quarantine pest.

(2) The occupier or owner of any land or premises on which a pest is found and identified as, or suspected to be, a quarantine pest shall notify it to the Plant Quarantine Officer.

(3) To declare the infected area as a controlled area. The Authority (NPQA) may, by notification in the Official Gazette, undertake the following measures for conducting plant quarantine activities, such as:-

- (i) to declare any area in Bangladesh, which is infected or reasonably suspected of being infected with any pest, as an infected area;
- (ii) to declare any land or premises, which is infected or suspected of being infected with any pest, as an area controlled under quarantine;
- (iii) to conduct treatment measures for the plants or plant products or packing materials, and the conveyances or the storage areas suspected of being infected in order to eradicate or limit the spread of pests;
- (iv) to prohibit, restrict and control the cultivation and harvesting of crops for the whole or any part of an infected place under quarantine area by the Plant Quarantine Officer, if it appears to the Officer that the pest cannot instantly be controlled or eradicated by taking phytosanitary measures, and in this behalf to prescribe the period within which such prohibition, restriction and control shall have effect.

Written notice

37. (1) If the Plant Quarantine Officer is confirmed that the quarantine pest is present at any place, the Officer may issue a written notice to the owner or occupier of such place, and order the owner or occupier of the land or premises to complete necessary phytosanitary measures for eradication and containment of pests and for limiting spread thereof within a period specified in the notice.

(2) If an owner or occupier of the land or premises does not comply with or is unable to comply with any condition of the notice issued under Sub-section (1) within the period specified in such notice, any Plant Quarantine Officer may enter into the land or premises and, by issuing a written notice, take necessary measures for phytosanitary.

(3) The Plant Quarantine Officer shall regularly review the condition of the land or premises remaining under quarantine measures and when he is confirmed that the relevant pest has been eradicated and there is no necessity to continue the quarantine restrictions in respect of the land or any part thereof, he shall, by issuing a notice, conveyed it to the owner or occupier of the land mentioning the date from which the land is no longer under quarantine restrictions.

Compensation 38.

(1) Where any plant or plant product or other material is destroyed for taking necessary measures to eradicate, contain or limit the spread of a quarantine pest, the Government may, subject to the provision of Sub-section (2), depending on the supply and availability of fund, give compensation for the plants, plant products or similar other materials destroyed to the owner thereof.

(2) No person shall be entitled to get compensation under Sub-section (1) if the measures has been taken for remedy, and the damage occurs due to inattentiveness of the concerned person or for his failure to comply with the instructions given lawfully or for the contravention of the provisions of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011.

(3) Subject to the prior approval of the Government, the Authority (NPQA) may, by notification in the Official Gazette, determine the amount of compensation by analyzing and considering its overall circumstances.

(4) Where any Plant Quarantine Officer takes steps to seize, keep waiting for, prohibit entry of, return, treat, remove or destroy any plant or plant product, he shall, as soon as possible, notify the owner about the steps taken and the reasons of taking such steps.

(5) The NPQA is responsible for the matters relating to declaration of controlled areas and payment of compensation.

Jurisdiction and authority of Plant Quarantine Officer 39.

The Plant Quarantine Officer shall exercise all the powers and functions vested in the authority under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011, such as:-

(1) to regulate the import of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms and packing materials for preventing the introduction of quarantine pests into Bangladesh from other countries;

- (2) to regulate the export of plants or plant products, pests, beneficial organisms and packing material according to the phytosanitary requirements of the importing country in consistence with international agreements;
- (3) to inspect and supervise the consignments of plants or plant products, beneficial organisms and packing materials and other regulated articles which are in international traffic and may incidentally be used as carriers of pests;
- (4) to inspect growing plants, areas under cultivation, and plants or plant products remaining in storage or in transit and to take regulatory measures in order to prevent the outbreak and spread of pests;
- (5) to make arrangement for issuing phytosanitary certificates in accordance with the phytosanitary requirements of the importing countries;
- (6) to conduct treatment formalities for disinfestation or disinfection of pests of the consignments of plants or plant products and their containers, packing materials, conservation stores or conveyances;
- (7) to regulate the introduction of beneficial organisms;
- (8) to declare any infected area as a controlled area;
- (9) to conduct activities regarding post-entry quarantine of plants or plant products and to implement the phytosanitary measures;
- (10) to conduct pest risk analysis and pest risk management;
- (11) to undertake regular review and revision of lists of plants or plant products, pests and beneficial organisms, the importation of which is prohibited and restricted into Bangladesh, with a view to updating and harmonizing phytosanitary measures;
- (12) to exchange technical information, opinion and report with recognized international, regional or other national plant protection organizations and to keep abreast of the latest advancements in the field of plant protection and quarantine;
- (13) to conduct activities regarding diagnostics, detection and identification of particular pests;
- (14) to conduct activities regarding promotion and control of integrated pest management in Bangladesh;

(15) to comply with the international agreements, protocols, conventions, etc. on phytosanitary measures, of which Bangladesh is a party or a signatory country, and to conduct implementation activities thereof, and to follow, conduct and coordinate the activities regarding conservation of plant biodiversity and bio-security;

(16) to undertake risk analysis of the trans-boundary movements of genetically modified organisms (GMOs), living modified organisms (LMOs) and alien invasive species and their introduction and to control them;

(17) to undertake surveys and surveillance on plant quarantine pests present in Bangladesh and to conduct plant quarantine research;

(18) to preserve pest related information about plants or plant products within Bangladesh, information about preventive and controlling measures of their infestation and infection and information of the matters relating thereto;

(19) to take the following measures if there is reasonable grounds to believe that an offence has been, is being or is about to be committed in the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 or any conditions of import permit or phytosanitary certificate is being breached, such as:-

(i) to collect extract from the register and record kept under the custody of the concerned person, and to seize and keep the registers under its custody for a certain period if required to prove the offence;

(ii) to search the body of a person, or to search, examine and seize any materials carried by the person or conveyance at the time of entry and exit of Bangladesh;

(iii) to prohibit the distribution, sale or use of any plants or plant products for a certain period to prevent the spread of destructive pests.

(20) The plant quarantine officer where on inspection of imported plants or plant products found:

(1) to be infested or infected with any plant pests or diseases the plant or plants products and containers there of shall be destroyed in the presence of the plant Quarantine Officer or returned to the shipper after treatment, at the discretion of the NPQA, and where any carrier is found to be infested with any pests or is suspected to be so infested, it shall be treated to the extent and in the manner deemed necessary by the Plant Quarantine Officer. When any such action is necessary due

notice shall be given to the owner or his agent and any risks associated with such treatment shall be the responsibility of the owner.

(2) No person shall obstruct an Officer of the Department in the due discharge of his duties; and no person shall refuse to permit the making of any examination required under these rules or refuse to carry out the instructions of an Officer relative to the effective control of any insect pests and diseases.

- Assistance **40.** All Officers of Customs, Coast Guard, Police Department, Border Guard Bangladesh, Postal Department, Port Authorities, Civil Aviation Authorities, Railway Department, Shipping Agencies, Airlines and such other institutions shall assist to prevent the activities repugnant to the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 and extend necessary cooperation to the Plant Quarantine Officer in exercising powers and performing duties under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011.
- Fees, fines and charges **41.** (1) Importers and exporters of plants or plant products shall pay to the Government such fees for the issuance of permits and certificates, fines, or charges for import and export inspections, testing, treatment or post-entry quarantine, as may be determined from time to time by the NPQA, with the approval of the Government, as listed in the Sixth Schedule.
- (2) The NPQA shall determine the procedures of collection of fees and charges any such matters as may be required under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011.
- Incurring expenditure **42.** If an importer imports any plant or plant product, beneficial organism or packing material violating the conditions mentioned in the import permit, the importer shall incur all the expenses for the treatment or removal or destruction of the imported things.
- Special Release Order (SRO) **43.** Any person who does not comply with Rule 4 (2), (5) and Rule 5(3) shall be fined not less than taka 5000/- (Five thousand) only.
- Offences **44.** If any person, company or organization, either personally or through any employee or agent, does any of the following acts or violates any provision of the Rules, such act or violation shall be deemed to be an offence under this Rules, such as :-
- (i) to import into, or export from Bangladesh any plant or plant product, pest, beneficial organism, soil or packing material prohibited under the Plant Quarantine Rules;

- (ii) to produce, possess, sale, advertise for sale, transport or distribute any prohibited plant or plant product, pest, beneficial organism, soil or packing material knowingly;
- (iii) to contravene any condition of the notice issued under Section 22 of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011;
- (iv) to impede, prevent or intimidate any Plant Quarantine Officer in performing the duties;
- (v) to refuse or neglect to comply with any order or direction made or given under the Plant Quarantine Rules;
- (vi) to disobey or ignore to comply with the direction given under Section 13, 14 and 15 of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011;
- (vii) to knowingly or recklessly provide any information which is false in material for the purpose of obtaining any permit or certificate or for the purpose of complying with the provisions of this Rules wrongfully; and
- (viii) to alter or tamper any document submitted to or issued by the Plant Quarantine Officer.

Offences committed by the company etc.

45. Where an offence under this Rules is committed by a company, organization, institute, every director, partner, chief executive, manager, secretary or any other Officer or employee or representative who has direct involvement with the offence shall be deemed to have committed the offence unless he proves that the offence has been committed without his knowledge or he tried his level best to prevent the offence.
Explanation: Under this section-

- (i) “company” means any company, statutory body, commercial organization, partnership business, society or any organization consisting of more than one person; and
- (ii) “director”, in case of any commercial organization, means any of its partner, or member of the Board of Directors.

Trial by Magistrates

46. All the offences under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 shall be trialed by any Judicial Magistrate of the First Class or any Metropolitan Magistrate.

Cognizance of offences

47. No court shall take cognizance of an offence punishable under the Plant Quarantine Act,2011 except upon a written complaint made by any Plant Quarantine Officer.

Offences to be non-cognizable and bailable	48.	All offences under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 shall be non-cognizable and bailable.
Punishment	49.	<p>(1) Any person who commits an offence referred to in Section 26 of Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 shall be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 (two) years, or with a fine not exceeding Tk (BDT) 5,00,000 (Taka five lac) or with both.</p> <p>(2) All money and profit accrued from the prohibited products may be confiscated.</p>
Disposal of confiscated property	50.	<p>(1) If any product is confiscated under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011, the product, except the one which has to be destroyed, may be sold by open auction or in any other commercially profitable legal way, or may be disposed of by any other means.</p> <p>(2) The money accrued from sale or disposal by any other means under Sub-section (1) shall be credited to the Government Treasury.</p>
Special power Magistrates for imposing punishment	51.	Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal of Procedure, 1898, any Judicial Magistrate of the First Class, or Metropolitan Magistrate may impose any of the punishments referred to in Section 31 of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011.
Appeal against administrative orders, etc.	52.	<p>(1) If a recipient of any permit or certificate is aggrieved by any written order issued under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 the aggrieved person may prefer appeal against the order for relief, within fifteen days from the date of receiving such notice, to-</p> <p>(i) the Authority (NPQA), if the order is issued by the Plant Quarantine Officer; and</p> <p>(ii) the Government, if the order is issued by the Authority (NPQA).</p> <p>(2) If any appeal is preferred under Sub-section (1), it shall be disposed of within a period not exceeding ninety days from the date of preferring such appeal.</p>
Appeal and Revision	53.	(1) If an importer is aggrieved by the decision of the Plant Quarantine Officer regarding the destruction of a consignment of plants or plant products, or any other regulated article, the importer prefer appeal to the NPQA, providing grounds for the appeal, within seven working days from the date of communication of such decision.

(2) The NPQA shall lawfully rely on the decision of the Plant Quarantine Officer and seek such other quarantine expert opinion as may be deemed necessary for taking decision as to the legality of the action taken by the Plant Quarantine Officer for final disposal of the appeal.

(3) The decision of the NPQA shall be considered final and binding to the importer, and no further appeal and no suit against such decision shall be allowed to be instituted by the importer in any court of justice.

(4) The NPQA, however, shall not pass any order prejudicial to any importer without giving the importer a reasonable opportunity of hearing.

Indemnity	54. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Authority or any plant quarantine officer or the Government on the ground that any person is affected or likely to be affected by anything which is done in good faith by the Authority or the Plant Quarantine Officer or the Government under the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 or Rules made thereunder.
Removal of ambiguity	55. If any ambiguity arises in case of application of any provision of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011 for its obscurity, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, remove such ambiguity subject to its being consistent with the provisions of the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011.
Determination of entry and exit points	56. The NPQA may declare the entry or exit points of importation and exportation and the matters relating to establishment of plant quarantine stations.
Automation of issuance of import permit & phytosanitary certificate	57. There shall have a provision of automated system for issuance of import permit and applying for issuance of phytosanitary certificate and electronic distribution of phytosanitary certificate.
Settlement of dispute	58. (1) If there arises any dispute or conflict between Bangladesh and any other contracting country regarding the basis of prohibition or restriction of imports or exports of plants, plant products, or any other regulated articles entering into its territories in violation of phytosanitary regulations, the contracting countries shall consult among themselves as soon as possible to resolve the dispute. (2) If the dispute cannot be resolved by mutual consultation, the contracting parties concerned may request the Director General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to appoint a committee of experts to consider the question in dispute in accordance with the rules and procedures that may be established under Article IX

of the IPPC

- Uniform **59.** For the purpose of rendering duty smoothly at work place there shall be official uniform for plant quarantine officials as determined by NPQA.
- Risk allowances **60.** The NPQA shall ensure the risk allowances for plant quarantine officials to perform the hazardous duties such as sample collection from deep sea and phytosanitary treatments.
- Capacity building **61.**The NPQA shall ensure the matters relating to training of Plant Quarantine Officials and establishment of laboratories and security systems.
- Declaration **62.** At the time of entry into Bangladesh the passenger or person or conveyance carried plants or plant products or any plant materials, shall be declared by fulfilling the specific Form provided by the authority.
- Clarity **63.** In the event of implementation of Plant Quarantine Rules if there is any ambiguity arises the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPMs) will be followed.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Rule 4 (6)

Form I

Application for Import Permit to Import Plants or Plant Products

The Director
Plant Quarantine Wing
Department of Agricultural Extension
Khamarbari, Dhaka-1215

I hereby apply for an Import Permit to import plants or plant products as required under Rules 4 (6) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.

1. Name of plants or plant products :
(Botanical name where applicable)
2. Quantity :
3. Country of origin :
4. Country of re-export (*if applicable*):
5. Name and address of consignor :
(exporter)
6. Expected date of arrival :
7. Means of transportation (*specify*) : air / sea / vessel / train / truck / postal / river/ parcel/other
8. Point of Entry :
9. Purpose of Import (*specify*) : consumption / processing
10. If the purpose of import is for propagation, multiplication or further growth, please specify:
 - a) Common and botanical name of :
plants or plant products
 - b) Type (*specify*) : seed / seedlings / tuber / corm / bud wood / cutting / other
If other, please specify :
Variety (Inbred/OPV/Hybrid):
 - c) Locality/area where to be :
grown/multiplied/propagated

Name and detailed address with mobile number of
importer/Authorized Agent :.....

Signature :

Date and Seal :

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
 Ministry of Agriculture
 Department of Agricultural Extension
 Plant Quarantine Wing

IMPORT PERMIT
 Rule 4 (7)

(This permit is to be sent by the importer to the supplier who shall ensure that it accompanies the consignment)

To : No.:

Your reference :

In accordance with the provisions under Rule 4 (7) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015, permission is hereby granted

to *(name and address of importer)* :

to import in one consignment, within four months of the date of issue of this permit,

by *(means of transport)* :

from *(name and address of consignor)* :

of *(country of origin and/or re-export)* :

through *(point of entry)* :

the following plants and plant products :
 (Name of products, quantity and pack size)

subject to the following conditions:

- 1) The consignment is accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate from the country of origin (by the competent authority), and of re-export if applicable, declaring the plants or plant products to be free from injurious pests or to have been rendered free from injurious pests by effective fumigation or other treatment;
- 2) On arrival of the consignment, it will be examined and will only be released if found to be free from injurious pests, otherwise it may be fumigated or otherwise treated as deemed necessary by the examining Plant Quarantine Officer stationed at, or may be returned to the consignor, or may be seized and destroyed following the Plant Quarantine Act, 2011, if not complying with the import conditions;
- 3) Additional declarations to be stated on the Phytosanitary Certificate:

Date:
Director/Additional Director

- Cc: 1) The Commissioner / Joint Commissioner/ Deputy Commissioner / Assistant Commissioner/ Superintendent of Customs, Customs House
- 2) The Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/Quarantine Entomologist/ Quarantine Pathologist, Plant Quarantine Station

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

IMPORT PERMIT (SPECIAL)
Rule 4 (7)

(This permit is only use for import of Biological Control agents/Planting materials/Growing media/GMOs/LMOs)

To : No.:

Your reference :

In accordance with the provisions under Rule 4 (7) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015, permission is hereby granted

to *(name and address of importer)* :

to import in one consignment, within six months of the date of this permit,

by *(means of transport)* :

from *(name and address of consignor)* :

of *(country of origin and/or re-export)* :

through *(point of entry)* :

the following plants/plant material for sowing/planting/propagation:

Description of plant species :

(common and botanical name)

Type (Specify) :

Variety / Hybrid / Cultivar :

Quantity/Number :

subject to the following conditions:

- a) The consignment shall be free from soil, weed seeds and plant debris.
- b) The consignment shall be accompanied by a Phytosanitary Certificate from the country of origin by the competent authority, and re-export if applicable with additional declaration that the pest(s) specified below do not occur in the country of origin or that the consignment is free from these pest(s):
(i) (ii) (iii)
- c) On arrival of the consignment, it shall be duly examined by a Plant Quarantine Officer, and if the accompanying Phytosanitary Certificate conforms to the requirements as outlined in the Import Permit, the consignment shall be considered fit for release.
- d) Samples shall be drawn from the consignment for laboratory tests and post-entry quarantine following standard diagnostic procedures and protocols.

Date:

Director/ Additional Director

Cc: 1) The Commissioner / Joint Commissioner/ Deputy Commissioner / Assistant Commissioner/ Superintendent of Customs, Customs House

2) The Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/Quarantine Entomologist/ Quarantine Pathologist, Plant Quarantine Station

Application for Release Order to Imported Plants or Plant Products

Rule 11(1)

The Director
Plant Quarantine Wing
Department of Agricultural Extension
.....

I hereby apply for a Release Order of imported plants or plant products as required under Rules 13(1) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.

- 1. Name of plants or plant products :
- 2. Quantity and packing list :
- 3. Exporting Country :
- 4. Import Permit No. and date :
- 5. Phytosanitary Certificate no. and date :
- 6. L.C No. and Date :
- 7. Invoice No. :
- 8. Bill of Lading :

Name and detailed address with mobile number of
importer/Authorized Agent :.....
.....

Signature :

Date and Seal :

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

(Monogram)

RELEASE ORDER
Rule 11(2)

Plant Quarantine Station

Date

No.

The plants or plant products mentioned below imported under Import Permit No.
dated have been thoroughly examined and found to be free from injurious pests.

The plants or plant products are now considered fit for release to the consignee.

Particulars of plants or plant products :
.....
.....

Fumigation/treatment undertaken :
.....
.....

Name of the consignee :

Name of Authorized Officer :

Signature :

To

The Commissioner/Joint Commissioner/Deputy Commissioner/Assistant Commissioner/Superintendent of Customs,
Customs House

Copy to

- 1) Mr./Mrs. with reference to application no. dated
- 2) The Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension, Khamarbari, Dhaka for information.

Application for Special Release Order

Rules 4(5) and 5(3)

The Director
Plant Quarantine Wing
Department of Agricultural Extension

.....

I hereby apply for a Special Release Order of imported plants or plant products as required under Rules 4(5) and 5(3) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.

- 1. Name of plants or plant products :
- 2. Quantity and packing list :
- 3. Exporting Country :
- 4. Import Permit No. and date :
- 5. Phytosanitary Certificate no. and date :
- 6. L.C No. and Date :
- 7. Invoice No. :
- 8. Bill of Lading :

Name and detailed address with mobile number of importer/Authorized Agent :.....

.....

Signature :

Date and Seal :

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
 Ministry of Agriculture
 Department of Agricultural Extension
 Plant Quarantine Wing

PERMISSION FOR SPECIAL RELEASE

Rule 4(5) and 5(3)

Date

Memo No.:

To

The Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/Quarantine Entomologist/ Quarantine Pathologist, Plant Quarantine Station

The plants or plant products mentioned below have been imported in violation of Rule 4(1) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.

After having been examined thoroughly by you and if found to be free from injurious pests, the plants or plant products may be released in favor of the consignee as a special case.

Particulars of the plants or plant products:

1. Name of the plants or plant products :
2. Quantity :
3. Name of the consignee :
4. Country of origin / re-export :
5. Import Permit No. and Date :
6. Phytosanitary Certificate No. and Date :
7. L.C. Number and Date :

Fumigation/disinfection/disinfestation must be carried out at the expense of the consignee if the consignment is found to be not free from injurious pests.

.....
 Director/Addl. Director

Copy to:

- 1) The Commissioner / Joint Commissioner / Deputy Commissioner / Assistant Commissioner / Superintendent of Customs, Customs House
- 2) Assistant Director, Foreign Exchange Division, Bangladesh Bank,Branch with the request to take necessary steps so that not to allow opening of a LC for import without an import permit from the Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, as required under Rule 4 (1) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.
- 3) The Manager of Bank with the request not to open a LC without Import Permit from the Director
- 4) Mr./Mrs. with reference to application no. dated
- 5) The Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/Quarantine Entomologist/ Quarantine Pathologist, Plant Quarantine Station

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

SPECIAL RELEASE ORDER
Rule 11(3)

Plant Quarantine Station

Date

No.

In pursuance of the Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Memo No. dated allowing permission for special release for the plants or plant products mentioned below, the consignment is allowed to be released in favor of the consignee as a special case.

Particulars of plants or plant products :
.....
.....

Fumigation/treatment undertaken :
.....
.....

Name of the consignee :

Name of Authorized Officer :

Signature :

To

The Commissioner/Joint Commissioner/Deputy Commissioner/Assistant Commissioner/Superintendent of Customs, Customs House

Copy to

Copy for favour of kind information forwarded to the Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension, Khamarbari, Dhaka-1215.

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

CONFISCATION ORDER
Rule 15(1) & 7(3)

Date

No.:

The plants or plant products mentioned below having been imported without the prior permission of the Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension, and unaccompanied by a valid Phytosanitary Certificate as required under the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015, is hereby ordered to be confiscated and destroyed.

Particulars of plants or plant products :
.....
.....

Name of the consignee :

.....
Director/Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/
Quarantine Entomologist/Quarantine Pathologist

To

The Commissioner/Joint Commissioner/Deputy Commissioner/Assistant Commissioner/Superintendent of Customs,
Customs House

Copy for information to

Mr./Mrs. with reference to application no. dated

APPLICATION FOR ANCHORAGE PERMIT

(Rule 12)

The Director
Plant Quarantine Wing
Department of Agricultural Extension
Khamarbari, Dhaka-1215

I hereby apply for anchorage permit about the below mentioned particulars of ships as required under Rule 12 of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015.

- 1. Name of plants or plant products :
(Botanical name where applicable)
- 2. Name of Shipping Agent :
- 3. Expected date of Arrival :
- 4. Name of Characters/Owners :
- 5. Name of Vessel's :
- 6. Port of Shipment :
- 7. Point of Entry :
- 8. Cargo quantity and Nature :
- 9. Name of Consignee :

Name and detailed address with mobile number of importer/Authorized Agent :.....

.....

Signature :

Date and Seal :

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

ANCHORAGE PERMIT
(Rule 12)

Date No.:

Your reference Dated

Permission is hereby granted to the M/S
expected to arrive on carrying
from.....to anchor at Mongla/Chittagong Harbour/Both (Out of the total quantity of
..... will be released at Chittagong port and
..... will be released at Mongla port), subject to the
condition that the vessel shall not discharge the plants or plant products till it is examined and if necessary
fumigated and/or treated by the Plant Quarantine Officer at the aforementioned port on arrival of the ship.

In case of raw cotton no vessel shall be discharged during a period of rain, mist or drizzled weather
condition.

.....
Director/Addl. Director/Deputy Director (Import)

To

M/S
.....
.....

Copy to

- 1) The Commissioner of Custom, Custom House.....
- 2) The Traffic Manager,
- 3. The Deputy Director/Additional Deputy Director/Quarantine Entomologist/ Quarantine
Pathologist, Plant Quarantine Station

Application for a Phytosanitary Certificate for Export of Plants or Plant Products

Rule 27(1)

To

Director
Plant Quarantine Wing
Department of Agricultural Extension
.....

I hereby apply for a Phytosanitary Certificate as required under Rule 27(1) of the Plant Quarantine Rules, 2015. The particulars of the consignment in respect of which the certificate is required are given below:

1. Name and address of exporter :
2. Name and address of consignee :
3. Name of plants or plant products :
(with botanical name)
4. Quantity and pack size :
5. Means of transportation (*specify*) : air / sea / vessel / train / truck /river/ postal / parcel
6. Country of origin :
7. Contract No. and Date, if any :
8. Country to which to be exported :
9. Point of Entry :
10. Expected date of shipment :
11. Is fumigation/treatment required? :
12. Distinguishing marks, if any :

I hereby declare that the particulars given above are correct. The plants or plant products are now lying for inspection in our godown at

Date

.....
Signature of Applicant
With seal and Mobile ph. Number

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Ministry of Agriculture

Department of Agricultural Extension

Plant Quarantine Wing

Form IX



PC - 0000000

Place of Issue

SPECIMEN

PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE

Rule 27(3)

To : The Plant Protection Organization of

Date Inspected

I. Description of the consignment

Name and address of exporter :

Declared name and address of consignee :

Number and description of packages :

Distinguishing mark :

Place of origin :

Declared means of conveyance :

Declared point of entry :

Name of produce and quantity declared :

Botanical name of plant :

This is to certify that the plants, plant products or other regulated articles described herein have been inspected and/or tested according to appropriate official procedures and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, specified by the importing contracting party and to conform with the current phytosanitary requirements of the importing contracting party, including those for regulated non-quarantine pests. They are deemed to be practically free from other pests.

II. Additional declaration

.....

.....

III. Disinfestation and/or Disinfection treatment

Date Treatment

Chemical (active ingredient) and concentration

Duration of exposure and temperature

Additional information

WARNING : Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary certificate is punishable with imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 (two) years, or with a fine not exceeding 5,00,000 (five lac) or with both. (Section 31 of Plant Quarantine Act, 2011).

(Official Stamp)

Name of authorised officer : Signature :

Date of Issue :

No liability shall be attached to the Ministry of Agriculture or the Department or to any of its Officer or representative with respect to this certificate.

Government of the People’s Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

MOVEMENT ORDER

Rule 17(7)

Date

No.:

Container(s) No(s)

Loaded with Originating from

has/have been examined and treated/fumigated and is/are permitted to move outside the protected area of the Seaport / Riverport/Airport / Land Route of

Name of Authorized Officer :

Signature :

To

The Commissioner /JointCommissioner/DeputyCommissioner/Assistant Commissioner/
Superintendent of Customs, Customs House

Copy to

- 1) Mr./Mrs. with reference to application no. dated
- 2) The Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension, Khamarbari, Dhaka – 1215 for information.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rule 4(e) & 7(1)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

< *Inserted* >

THIRD SCHEDULE

(Rule 9)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

POINTS OF ENTRY AND EXIT

A) Airports:

1. Hazrat Shah Jalal International Airport, Dhaka.
2. Hazrat Shah Amanat International Airport, Chittagong.
3. Osmani International Airport

B) Seaports:

1. Chittagong Seaport, Chittagong.
2. Mongla Seaport, Mongla, Bagerhat.

C) Land Border Check Post:

1. Benapole, Jessore
2. Darshana, Chuadanga.
3. Tamabil, Sylhet.
4. Burimari, Lalmonirhat.
5. Teknaf, Cox's Bazar
6. Akhaura, Brammanbaria
7. Hilli, Dinazpur
8. Sonamosjid, ChapaiNwabgonj
9. Rohanpur, ChapaiNwabgonj
10. Bhomra, Satkhira.
11. Bangla Bandha, Panchagarh.
12. Jakiganj, Sylhet
13. Bibirbazar, Comilla
14. Kamalpur, Jamalpur
15. Belunia, Feni
16. Betli (Fultali), Moulvi bazaar
17. Chaltapur, Moulvibazar
18. Haluaghat, Mymensingh
19. Birol, Dinajpur
20. Nakugaon, Sherpur
21. Bhurungamari, Kurigram
22. JibanNagar Chuadanga
23. Biani Bazar Sylhet

D) River Port:

Narayanganj.

E) ICD, Kamalpur, Dhaka

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Rules 4(7) and 27(1)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

AUTHORIZED OFFICERS

Issuance of Import Permits

- i. Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- ii. Additional Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- iii. Deputy Director (Import), Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension delegated by the NPQA.

Issuance of Phytosanitary Certificates and Official Orders

- i. Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- ii. Deputy Director (Export), Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- iii. Deputy Director working in the Plant Quarantine Stations
- iv. Additional Deputy Director, working in the Plant Quarantine Stations
- v. Quarantine Entomologist/Quarantine Pathologist working in the Plant Quarantine Stations.
- vi. Officers authorized in writing by the Director, Plant Quarantine Wing (NPQA).

Issuance of Anchorage Permit

- i. Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- ii. Additional Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- iii. Deputy Director (Import), Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension.

Issuance of Special Release Order

- i. Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- ii. Additional Director, Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension
- iii. Deputy Director (Import), Plant Quarantine Wing, Department of Agricultural Extension delegated by the NPQA.

FIFTH SCHEDULE

Rule 18(3)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

MAXIMUM SIZE OF SEED SAMPLES PERMITTED TO IMPORTED FOR RESEARCH AND TRIAL PURPOSES

Crop species	Multi-Location Trails(MLT) (Kg)	Agronomic Trails(AT) (Kg)	MLT+AT (Kg)	Accession to Gene Bank (Gm)
<i>Oryza sativa</i> (Rice)	25	25	50	50/2500
<i>Triticum</i> spp.	10	10	20	150/2500
<i>Zea mays</i> (Maize)	25	25	50	1000/5000
<i>Pennisetum americanum</i> (Pearl Millet)	20	20	40	25/4500
<i>Vigna mungo</i> (Black gram)	20	25	45	250/2500
<i>Cicer arietinum</i> (Chick pea)	40	60	100	1000/2500
<i>Vigna</i> spp. (Cow pea)	20	30	50	250/2500
(Green gram)	15	25	40	500/2500
<i>Arachis</i> spp. (Groundnut)	100	250	350	1000/2500
<i>Lens culinaris</i> (Lentil)	20	30	50	100/2500
<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> (Linseed)	15	30	45	50/2500
<i>Guizotia</i> spp. (Niger)	10	10	20	20/4500
<i>Pisum</i> spp. (Peas)	50	100	150	700/2500
<i>Cajanus cajan</i> (Pigeon pea)	10	20	30	500/2500
<i>Brassica</i> spp. (Mustard,Rape/Canola,Cabbage, Cauliflower, Kohlrabi, Broccoli, Chinese cabbage etc.)	4	6	10	10/2500
<i>Capsicum</i> spp. (Pippper/Chillies)	4	6	10	10/2500
<i>Chathamus tinctorius</i> (Safflower)	10	20	30	100/4500
<i>Sesamum indicum</i> (Sesame)	4	6	10	10/2500
<i>Helianthus</i> spp. (Sunflower)	10	20	30	100/2500
<i>Sorghum</i> spp. (Sorghum)	10	10	20	50/2500
<i>Glycine</i> spp. (Soybean)	50	100	150	500/2500
<i>Alliums</i> pp. (Onion, Garlic, Leek, Shallot etc.)	2	3	5	50/2500
<i>Citrullus lanatus</i> (Watermelon)	4	6	10	100/250
Other crops	As specified by the NPQA			

SEVEN SCHEDULE

Rule 11(2)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

SAMPLE SIZE

Sampling of plants and plant products shall be in accordance with ISPMs 31. However, the following sample size may be followed:

1. Seed for sowing/propagation:

Up to 500 kg	Minimum 05kg
501 to 3000kg	1/300 kg but min 05
3001 to 20000kg	1/500kg but min 10
When the seed in containers	
Up to 5 containers	All containers to be sampled
6 to 30 containers	Every 3 containers but min 05
31 or more containers	1/5 containers but min 10

* ISTA rules may be followed for sampling of small quantity of seed for propagation

2. Cereals, Pulses and other seeds for consumption:

Up to 100 bags	20 bags
101 to 300 bags	32 bags
301 to 500 bags	50 bags
501 to 1000 bags	80 bags
1001 to above	125 bags

3. Fresh Fruits, Berries and Vegetables for consumption:

< than 10 packages	All packages
11 to 100 packages	20% of packages subject to a minimum of 10 packages
101 to 1000 packages	5% packages subject to a minimum of 20 packages
>1000 packages	2% packages subject to a minimum of 50 packages

4. Cut Flowers, Branches & Foliage:

< than 10 packages	All packages
11 to 100 packages	20% of packages subject to a minimum of 10 packages
101 to 1000 packages	5% packages subject to a minimum of 20 packages
>1000 packages	2% packages subject to a minimum of 50 packages

* 2% fixed sampling method may be followed but it is usually used for sampling of bulk quantity.

EIGHT SCHEDULE

Rule 13(2)

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Agricultural Extension
Plant Quarantine Wing

List of Post Office and Courier Service

- (i) Head Quarter and All divisional Post Offices/GPOs
- (ii) Head Quarter and All divisional Courier Services
- (iii) Foreign Post offices

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rule 4(e) & 7(1)

List of plants or plant products permitted for importation with additional declarations and special phytosanitary conditions

SL. No.	Category of Commodity	Plant Species	Use	Country of Origin	Requirement of Additional declarations	Special Conditions of Import
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Cereal	Rice (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)	Grain for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: Granary weevil (<i>Sitophilus granarius</i>) Grain beetle (<i>Oryzaephilus surinamensis</i>) Beetle (<i>Trogoderma variabile</i>)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on board shipment
2	Do	Rice (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)	Seed for sowing	China, India, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam	Freedom from: Sheath blight (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) <i>Balancia oryzae sativae</i> Bacterial hollow blight (<i>Peudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>oryzae</i>) White tip nematode (<i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i>) Seedling rot (<i>Pseudomonas glumae</i>) Weed (<i>Aeginetia indica</i>) Weed (<i>Christisoma wightii</i>) Quarantine weed seeds	Hot water treatment at 52°-57° C for 15 minutes and or seed dressing with benalate (Carboxynilide Group Fungicide) @ 1 gm./1000 gm. of seeds.
				Mexico, USA, British Honduras, Cuba, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Panama, El-Salvador, Colombia,	Hoza Blanca viroid	Prohibited but small quantities of rice seed shall be allowed to be imported exclusively for scientific purpose only subject to treatment and observation for one growing season in post-entry quarantine. Such seed sample shall carry phytosanitary certificate stating that the Hoza Blanca viroid disease or

				Surinam and Venezuela		the occurrence of that disease had not been noticed in the fields from where the seeds were collected.
3	Do	Wheat (<i>Triticum</i> spp.)	Grain for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: Granary weevil (<i>Sitophilus granarius</i>) Canary grass (<i>Phalaris minor</i>) Grain beetle (<i>Oryzaephilus surinamensis</i>) Bunt of wheat (<i>Tillitia</i> spp.) Ergot (<i>Claviceps purpurea</i>)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on board shipment
			Seed for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Granary weevil (<i>Sitophilus granarius</i>) Mite (<i>Tyrophagus putrescentiae</i>) Barley thrips (<i>Limothrips denticornis</i>) Barley stripe mosaic virus Aphid (<i>Diuraphis noxia</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe graminis</i>) Grain beetle (<i>Oryzaephilus surinamensis</i>) Bunt of wheat (<i>Tillitia</i> spp.) Red rust (Ug99 Race 2) (<i>Puccinia graminis tritici</i>) Ergot (<i>Claviceps purpurea</i>) Yellow ear rot/Ear cokle: (<i>Anguina tritici</i> and <i>Corynebacterium tritici</i>) Leaf blotch (<i>Septoria tritici</i>) Leaf blight (<i>Alternaria triticina</i>) Molya disease (<i>Heterodera avenae</i>) Canary grass (<i>Phalaris minor</i>) and Quarantine weed seeds	a) The field where the crop is grown and from which the seeds are collected shall be regularly inspected by Plant Quarantine Officer of the phytopathological service and seed certification agency of the supplying shall be procured only from the fields where no incidence of above diseases has been observed; b) Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on country throughout the entire growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds board shipment
4	Do	Maize (<i>Zea mays</i>)	Grain for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: Maize weevil (<i>Sitophilus zeamais</i>) Grain borer (<i>Prostophonus truncates</i>)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on country throughout the entire

					Quarantine weed seeds	growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds board shipment
			Seed for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Thrips (<i>Limothrips cerealium</i>) Insect (<i>Prostephanus truncates</i>) Fungus (<i>Peronosclerospora</i> spp.) Downy mildew (<i>Sclerospora</i> spp.) Maize weevil (<i>Sitophilus zeamais</i>) Grain borer (<i>Prostephanus truncatus</i>) Borer (<i>Ostrinia nubilalis</i>) Tropical rust (<i>Physopella zae</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Kabatella zae</i>) Southern corn blight (<i>Drechslera maydis</i>) Leaf blight or Stewart's disease (<i>Erwinia stewartii</i>) Ergot (<i>Claviceps gigantea</i>) Quarantine weed seeds	(1) Importation of maize seeds from North, Central and South America as well as Continental Europe, USSR and China is prohibited due to the presence of Bacterial wilt, Bacterial Leaf blight or Stewart's disease caused by <i>Erwinia stewartii</i> . (2) Each consignment of maize seeds shall be subject to inspection, fumigation, treatment and post entry quarantine before release. (3) Import of maize plant and seedlings is prohibited.
5	Do	Pearl Millets (<i>Pennisetum americanum</i>)	Grain for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: Any grass seed	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on country throughout the entire growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds board shipment
			Seed for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Downy mildew (<i>Sclerospora graminicola</i>) Testa nematode (<i>Aphelenchoides arachidis</i>)	a)Each consignment of seed shall be subject to inspection fumigation and treatment and post-entry quarantine before release b) Free from Quarantine weed seeds
					Rust(<i>Puccinia substriata</i>)	
					Ergot (<i>Claviceps fusiformis</i>)	
6	Do	Sorghum (<i>Sorghum</i>)	Grain for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: Any grass seed	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment

		<i>vulgare</i>)				or on country throughout the entire growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds board shipment
			Seed for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Bacterial blight (<i>Pseudomonas andropogonis</i>), Bacterial streak (<i>Xanthomonas holcicola</i>) Leaf spot (<i>Gloeocercospora sorghi</i>) Weed (<i>sorghum halepense</i>)	a)Small quantity of sorghum seed may be imported under a phytosanitary certificate stating that they were collected from fields which had been regularly inspected during growing season b)Each consignment of seed shall be subject to inspection fumigation and treatment and post-entry quarantine before release c) Free from grass seed
7		Oat (<i>Avenasativa</i>)	Grainfor consumption	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Cryptolestes ferrugineus</i> (Rustygrainbeetle) (b) <i>Trogodermavariabile</i> (Grain dermestid) (c) <i>Ditylenchusdipsaci</i> (Stem nematode) (d) <i>Ceratobasidiumcereale</i> (Sharpeyesspotof cereals) (e) <i>Fusarium culmorum</i> (Culm rot of cereals) (f) <i>Monographella nivalis</i> (Foot rot ofcereals)	(i)FumigationwithMethylbromideat 80g.percubicmetrefor48hrs.at21° Candaboveorequivalent orayother treatment duly approved by the Plant ProtectionAdvisertotheGovernment of India. Thetreatment shouldbe endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issuedattheCountry of Origin/re-export. (ii)Freefrom soiland quarantineweeds.
8	Do	Other cereals	Grain for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: Any grass seeds And Quarantine weed seeds	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on country throughout the entire growing period till harvest of the crop. Seeds board shipment
			Seed for sowing	Any country		a)Each consignment of seed shall be subject to inspection fumigation and treatment and post-entry

						quarantine before release b) Free from grass seed
9	Fruits	Dried Fruits: (Stone fruits) Almond (<i>Prunus amygdalus</i>) /Apricot (<i>Prunus armeniaca</i>)/ Plum (Alobokhara)/ Peach/ Cherry (<i>Prunus spp.</i>) /Pesta (<i>Pistavera</i>) Raisin and Monacea (<i>Vitis</i> spp./Raisins (Dried grape), Ber (<i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i>) Peach (<i>Prunus persica</i>) etc	For consumption	Any country	Freedom from: (a)Mediterraneanflourmoth (<i>Ephestia kuehniella</i>) (b)Apricotchalcid (c) <i>Ephestiaelutella</i> (Tobaccomoth) (d) <i>Plodiainterpunctella</i> (Indianmalemoth)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on board shipment
10	Fruits	Apple (<i>Malus sylvestris</i>)includi ng Pear (<i>Pyrus</i> spp.) andQuince (<i>Cydoniaspp.</i>)	(iii) Fresh fruits Forconsumption	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Bactroceratryoni</i> (Queenslandfruitfly) (b) <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterraneanfruit fly) (c) <i>Cydia pomonella</i> (Codling moth) (d) <i>Epiphyas postvittana</i> (Light brown apple moth) (e) <i>Pseudococcus calceolariae</i> (Scarlet ealybug) (f) <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Fireblight)	(a)Pestfreestatusfor <i>Bactrocera</i> <i>tryoni</i> (Queensland fruitfly)and <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruitfly), <i>Ceratitis rosa</i> (Natal fruit fly) asper international standards or (b)Pre-shipmentcoldtreatmentat0°C orbelowfor10days;0.55°C orbelow for11days;1.1°C orbelowfor12days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C

						or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Queensland fruit fly
			(i) Cuttings/ Saplings/ Bud wood for planting or propagation	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Fireblight (<i>Erwinia amylovora</i>) (b) Crown gall (<i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i>) (c) Hairy root (<i>A. rhizogenes</i>) (d) Apple and pear rusts (<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp) non asiatic (e) Apple scab, apple stem grooving viruses. (f) Seed chalcid (<i>Megastigmus spermotrophus</i>) (g) Viruses/phytoplasmas affecting Pomidae	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 1-2 years. (ii) Import subject to prior approval of Plant Quarantine Wing of Department of Agricultural Extension of the Ministry of Agriculture.
			(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the planting material is obtained from mother stock indexed/tested and maintained free from viruses and phytoplasmas affecting Pomidae.	The above condition at (i) shall not apply.
11	Do	Avocado (<i>Persea americana</i>)	For consumption	Any country	-	a) Freedom from soil b) Phytosanitary certificate
12	Fruits	Banana (<i>Musa sapientum</i>)	Tissue cultured plants	Any country	Freedom from: Black leaf streak (<i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis</i>) Streak virus Abaca mosaic virus	a) Each consignment shall be certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.

					Bananamildmosaic virus Moko wilt (<i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> Race 2)	
			Corm for vegetative propagation	Any country except Central and South America and the Carribean and from South India	Freedom from: Root nematode (<i>Radophilus similis</i>) Black leaf streak (<i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis</i>). Lesion nematode (<i>Pratylenchus goodeyi</i>) Banana weevil (<i>Cosmopolites pruinosis</i>) Moko wilt(<i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>) (Race 2) Rhizome rot (<i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i>)	a)Import of vegetative planting material of banana from Central and South America and the Carribean and from South India is strictly prohibited due to the presence of Moko disease (<i>Pseudomonas solanacearum</i>) in it. b)While importing, the outer corm tissues shall be removed until clean tissues are exposed. This planting material shall be treated in not water at 55 ⁰ C for 20 minutes before its mandatory growth in post-entry quarantine. c) Import of large quantities of planting material shall not be allowed.
13	Do	<i>Papaya</i> (<i>Carica papaya</i>)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
14	Do	<i>Citrus</i> spp. (Lemon,lime, orange, grapefruit, mandarins, etc. and other Rutaceous hosts)	Fresh fruits for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: <i>Aspidiotus nerii</i> (Aucuba scale) <i>Bactrocera aquilonis</i> <i>Bactrocera jarvisi</i> <i>Bactrocera neohumeralis</i> <i>Bactrocera tryoni</i> (Queensland fruit fly) <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) <i>Epiphyas postvittana</i> (light brown apple moth)	(a)Pest-free area status for <i>Bactrocera aquilonis</i> , <i>B. jarvisi</i> , <i>B. neohumeralis</i> , <i>B. tryoni</i> (Queensland fruit fly) and <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly), Pest free area status for <i>Bactrocera tsuneonis</i> (Japanese orange fly) as per international standards

					<p>(<i>Guignardia citricarpa</i>(citrusblackspot) <i>Pseudococcus calceolariae</i>(Scarlet mealybug) <i>Unaspis citri</i> (citrus snow scale)</p>	<p>(b)Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Queensland fruit fly.</p>
			For vegetative propagation (cuttings, seed other propagules)	Any country	<p>Freedom from: Greening (African greening of citrus- <i>Candidatus Liberibacter africanus</i> Stubborn (<i>Spiroplasma citri</i>) Mal Secco (<i>Phoma tracheiphila</i>) Blackspot (<i>Guignardia citricarpa</i>) Leprosis (Citrus leprosis virus) Indian ring spot (Indian citrus ringspot virus) Citrus gall wasp (<i>Bruchophagus fellis</i>) Bud mite (<i>Eriophyes sheldoni</i>) Rust mite (<i>Phyllocoptruda olivora</i>) Chlorosis of citrus (<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i>) Burrowing nematode (<i>Rhizopholus citrophilus</i>) Citrus nematode (<i>Tylenchulus semipenetrans</i>)</p>	<p>a) The importation of Citrus plants, cuttings or propagules shall be made for scientific purposes. b) The imported plants or cuttings are grown at a post entry quarantine station for a period adequate to ensure their freedom from virus and other diseases.</p>

15	Do	Cocoa (<i>Theobroma cacao</i>) and <i>Theobroma</i> sp	For consumption and for propagation	Countries except Africa, West Indies and Sri Lanka.	Freedom from: Cocoa moth (<i>Acorocercops cramerella</i>) Cocoa beetle (<i>Steirastoma brevi</i>)	The consignment shall bear a declaration as to the origin of the plants and be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate stating that they were inspected and found free from pod rot (<i>Monilia roreri</i>), mealy pod (<i>Trachysphaera fructigena</i>) and Witches broom (<i>Crinipellis pernicioso</i>) (formerly known as <i>Marasmius pernicioso</i>) and that swollen shoot and other virus diseases do not occur in the country of origin. Plants are subject to inspection and fumigation are the prescribed point of entry and to post entry quarantine .
16	Do	<i>Coffea</i> spp. (Coffee and related species of Rubiaceae)	Coffee beans for consumption or processing	Any Country	Freedom from: Coffee berry borers (<i>Hypothenemus hampei</i> , <i>Sophranica ventralis</i>) Coffee viruses (Ring spot, Leaf rugosity and Leaf crinkle) Leaf spot (<i>Pseudomonas cichorii</i>) Powdery rust (<i>Hemeleia coffeicola</i>) Berry disease (<i>Colletotrichum coffeanum</i>)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on board shipment
17	Do	Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>) and related species	For planting/sowing/propagation or consumption	Caribbean area (Central and South America) Jamaica, Haiti, Florida. Ghana,	Freedom from: Red ring nematode(<i>Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus</i>) Palm Lethal yellowing mycoplasma & related strains Kaincope Cadang cadang viroid	Prohibited

				<p>Togoland. Philippines. Guayana, West Indies. South India, Malaysia. Sri-Lanka. Andhra Pradesh, India.</p>	<p>Bronze Leaf Wilt Root Wilt Guam Coconut Coconut Wilt Leaf Scorch Tatipaka Palm weevil (<i>Rhyncophorus palmarum</i>) Karnel borer (<i>Pachymerus</i> spp.) Leaf minor (<i>Promecotheca cumingi</i>)</p>	
	Do	Coconut (<i>Cocos nucifera</i>)	For planting/sowing/propagation or consumption	Any country or areas of production except above countries or Areas of growing		<p>Importation of coconut seed/seedling shall, under permit, be made only in small quantities not exceeding 100 nuts per consignment restricted to unsprouted nuts from which the perianth has been removed. The seed nuts shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate from the authority concerned in the country of origin, stating that the seeds/seedlings come from trees showing no sign of any diseases mentioned above.</p> <p>upon arrival, the seeds shall be fumigated or treated by any other method considered appropriate by the Director to remove the risk of introducing pests.</p> <p>The imported seed nuts/seedling</p>

						shall be planted in individual containers in post entry quarantine for a period of two years in case of nuts and one year for seedlings. Any disease detected during post entry quarantine in the seedling shall be burnt together with containers and planting media.
			For planting/sowing/propagation	Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam, Myanmar, Indonesia, Philippines	Freedom from: Coconut hispine beetle (<i>Brontispa longissima</i>)	The seed nuts/seedling shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary Certificate from the authority concerned in the country of origin, stating that the seeds/seedlings are free from Hispine beetle.
			For planting/sowing/propagation	India except South India	Freedom from: Eriophyid mite(<i>Aceria gurreronis</i>)	The seed nuts/seedling shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary Certificate from the authority concerned in the country of origin, stating that the seeds/seedlings are free from Eriophyid mite.
18	Do	Ber (Jujube, Indian Plum) <i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i>	Rooted stock/Bud wood (stem cuttings)/Saplings	Any country	Freedom from: Mealy bug, mite, powdery mildew, thrips etc	a) The importation of Ber plants, cuttings or propagules shall be made for scientific purposes. b) The imported plants or cuttings are grown at a post entry quarantine station for a period adequate to ensure their freedom from pests
19	Do	Betel nut (Arecanut) <i>Areca catechu</i> L	For consumption	Any country	-	Phytosanitary Certificate

	Do		For planting/sowing/propagation.	Any country	Freedom from: Hispine beetle	The seedling shall be accompanied by a phytosanitary Certificate from the authority concerned in the country of origin, stating that the seeds/seedlings are free from Hispine beetle.
20	Do	<i>Coffea</i> spp. (Coffee and related species of Rubiaceae)	Coffee beans for consumption or processing	Any Country	Freedom from: Coffee berry borers (<i>Hypothenemus hampei</i> , <i>Sophranica ventralis</i>)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on board shipment
			For sowing/propagation	Any country	Freedom from: Berry disease (<i>Colletotrichum coffeanum</i>) Powdery Rust (<i>Hemileia coffeicola</i>) Phloem necrosis (<i>Phytomonas leptovascularum</i>)	The import of coffee propagating material is restricted to coffee seeds only, limited to small quantities not exceeding one kilogram in one consignment for scientific purpose. The import of coffee seeds or beans may be made from countries where coffee rust (<i>Hemileia vastatrix</i>) and coffee borer (<i>Stephanoderes hampai</i>) do not exist and the seeds are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate. The import of coffee seeds from Central and South American and the Caribbean is prohibited due to the presence of American Leaf spot caused by <i>Mycena citricolor</i> (<i>Omphalia flavida</i>); Provided that the provisions of this rule shall not apply to roasted and ground coffee.

21	Do	Date palm (<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>)	Suckers for planting	Any Country	Free from: Bayood (<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>albedinis</i>) Palm lethal yellowing (Phytoplasmas) Texas root rot (<i>Phymatotrichum omnivorum</i>) American palm weevil (<i>Rhyncophorus palmarum</i>)	(i) Imports subject to prior approval of Plant Protection Wing of Department of Agricultural Extension of the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year.
			(ii) Tissue cultured plants for propagation	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
			(iii) Fresh/dry fruits for consumption	Any Country	Freedom from: Palm kernel borer (<i>Pachymerus lacerdae</i>)	Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose before shipment or on board shipment
22	Do	Dragon Fruit (<i>Hylocerus</i> spp.)	Fruits for consumption	Any country	-	Freedom from soil. Phytosanitary certificate
23	Do	<i>Duriozibethinus</i> (Durian)	Fruits for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Phytosanitary certificate
			Grafts/ budwoods/ Plants for propagation	(i) Thailand	Freedom from: (a) <i>Allocarsidara malayensis</i> (b) <i>Mudaria magniplaga</i> (c) <i>Orgyia turbata</i> (tussock moth) (d) <i>Oxyodes scrobiculata</i>	(i) Freedom from soil (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture and Cooperation (iii) Post entry quarantine growing for 6-

					(e) <i>Eutetranychusafricanus</i> (citrus brown mite)	9monthexcept for research.
				(ii)Indonesia	Freedom from: (a) <i>Allocarsidaramalayensis</i> (b) <i>Graphiumagamemnon</i> (c) <i>Iceryapulchra</i> (d) <i>Nisotrajavanica</i>	(i)Freedomfromsoil (ii) Commercial imports subject toprior approvalof Department of Agriculture and Cooperation (iii) Post entryquarantinegrowing for6-9monthexcept for research.
				(iii) Malaysia	Freedom from: (a) <i>Allocarsidara malayensis</i> (b) <i>Asterolecaniumungulatum</i> (c) <i>Iceryapulchra</i> (d) <i>Mudariamagniplaga</i> (e) <i>Orgyiaturbata</i> (tussockmoth) (f) <i>Oxyodesscrobiculata</i>	
24	Do	Fresh grape (<i>Vitis vinifera</i>)	For consumption	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Aspidio tusnerii</i> (Aucuba scale) (b) <i>Bactrocera tryoni</i> (Queensland fruit fly) (c) <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) (d) <i>Epiphyas postvittan</i> light brown apple moth) (e) <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> (Westeran flower thrips) (f) <i>Pseudococcus calceolariae</i> (Scarlet mealy bug)	(a)Pestfreeareastatusfor <i>Bactrocera tryoni</i> (Queenslandfruit fly)and <i>Ceratitiscapitata</i> (Mediterraneanfruit fly) as per international standards or (b)Preshipmentcoldtreatmentat0°C orbelowfor10days;0.55°C orbelow for11days;1.1°C orbelowfor12days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or belowfor13days;0.55°C orbelowfor

						14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Queensland fruit fly or Fumigation with appropriate fumigant at recommended dose for control of fruit flies and scale insects
			Rooted stock/Bud wood (stem cuttings)/Saplings	Any Country	Freefrom:	(j) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year.
					(a) Grapevine Phylloxera orvineouse(<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> ,syn. <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i>)	(ii)Importation shall be made subject to prior approval.
					(b) Rust(<i>Phakopsora vitis</i>)	
					(c) Deadarm(<i>Cryptosporella viticola</i> syn. <i>Phomopsis viticola</i>)	
					(d) Cown gall(<i>Agrobacterium vitis</i>)	
					(e) Gummosis(<i>Pantoea agglomerans</i>)	
					(f) Hairyroot(<i>Agrobacterium rhizogenes</i>)	
					(g) Pierce's disease (<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i>)	
					(h) Bacterial necrosis (<i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i>)	
25	Do	Guava (<i>Psidium guajava</i>)	Fruitsfor consumption	Thailand	Freedomfrom: (a) <i>Bactrocera papayae</i> (Papaya fruitfly) (b) <i>Bactrocera prifoliae</i> Spiralling whitefly (<i>Aleurodicus disperses</i>)	(i)Pest-free area status for <i>Bactrocera papayae</i> (Papaya fruit fly)and <i>Bactrocera prifoliae</i> as perinternational standards or (ii)Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose or

						(iii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against <i>Bactrocera papaya</i> (Papaya fruit fly) and <i>Bactrocera prifoliae</i> .
26	Do	Kiwi (<i>Actinidia chinensis</i> and <i>A. deliciosa</i>)	Fruits for consumption	Any country	Free from: (a) <i>Aspidiotus nerii</i> (Aucuba scale) (b) <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> (bacterial canker of kiwifruit) (d) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	(i) Pest-free area status for <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (ii) Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose or (iii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly.
27	Do	Litchi (<i>Litchi chinensis</i>) and subsp. (<i>philippinensis</i>)	(i) Cuttings/ plants for propagation	(i) Madagascar (ii) Vietnam	Nil	(i) Freedom from soil (ii) Post entry quarantine growing for a period of 6-9 months except for research. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of the Director PQW
			(ii) Fresh fruits for consumption	Thailand	Freedom from: <i>Conopomorpha sinensis</i> <i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i> (Jackbeardsley mealybug)	Freedom from soil.
28	Do	Longan (<i>Dimocarpus longan</i>)	Fruits for consumption	Thailand	-	a) Freedom from soil b) Phytosanitary certificate
29	Do	Mango	Fruits for	Any country	Freedom from:	Pest-free area status for fruit

		<i>(Mangifera indica)</i>	consumption		(a) <i>Bactroceratryoni</i> (Queensland fruit fly) (b) <i>Ceratitidis capitata</i> (Mediterraneanfruit fly) (c) <i>Ceratitidis correcta</i> (Asian guava fruit fly) <i>Bactocera caryeae</i> <i>Bactora diversa</i> (stripped fruit fly) (f) <i>Ceratitidis cosyra</i>	fly . B) Freedom from soil
			Cuttings/grafts/ budwood/ rooted plantsfor propagation	Any country	Free from <i>Coccus viridis</i> Green scale <i>Ceroplastes rubens</i> Red wax scale <i>Aonidomytilus albus</i> Tapioca scale insect	(i)Freedomfromsoil (ii) Commercial imports subject to priorapprovalof the Director of PQW (iii) Post-entryquarantinegrowing for 6-9month.
					<i>Aulacaspis tubercularis</i> White mango scale <i>Parlatoria crypta</i> Armored scale <i>Drosicha mangifera</i> Mango mealy bug	
30	Do	Mangosteen <i>(Garcinia mangostana)</i>	Fruitsfor consumption	Thailand	Freefrom: (a) <i>Bactrocerapapayae</i> (papayafruitfly) (b)Mealy bug	(i)Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose or (ii)Pre-shipmentcoldtreatmentat0°C orbelowfor13days;0.55°C orbelow for14days;1.1°C orbelowfor18days plus in-transit refrigeration against papayafruit fly.
30	Do	<i>Punica granatum</i> (Pomegranate)	(i)Fruitsfor consumption	Any country	-	Phytosanitary certificate
			(ii) Plants (graft) Forpropagation		Freedom from: <i>Paracoccus marginatus</i> (Papayamealybug)	

					<p><i>Pseudococcus comstocki</i> (Comstock mealy bug) <i>Armillariatabescens</i> (Armillaria rootrot) <i>Rhizobiumrhizogenes</i></p>	
					Free from <i>Apomyelois ceratoniae</i> (carob moth)	
31		(Papaya) <i>Carica papaya</i>	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) Thailand	Spiralling whitefly (<i>Aleurodicus disperses</i>)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Imports permitted subject to prior approval of Director Plant Quarantine Wing
31	Do	Rambutan (<i>Nephelium lappa ceum</i>)	Fruits for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Bactrocerapapayae</i> (papaya fruit fly) (b) <i>Cataenococcus hispidus</i> (Citrus mealy bug) (c) <i>Conopomorphacremarella</i> (Coco moth) (d) <i>Darna diducta</i> (Nettle caterpillar) (e) <i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i> (Jack Beardsley mealy bug) (f) Mealy bug (<i>Exallomochlus philippinensis</i>)	(i) Pest-free area status for <i>Bactrocera papayae</i> (papaya fruit fly), Mealy bug (<i>Exallomochlus philippinensis</i>) as per international standards or (ii) Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose or equivalent thereof or (iii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against papaya fruit fly.
32		(d) Straw berry (<i>Fragaria</i> spp.)	(i) Stem (runner) cuttings (rooted/un-rooted) for planting.	Any Country	Free from: (a) Phomopsis blight (<i>Phomopsis obscurens</i>) (b) Red stele (<i>Phytophthora fragariae</i>) (c) Crown rot (<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i>) (d) Angular leaf spot (<i>Xanthomonas fragariae</i>) (e) American dagger nematode (<i>Xiphinema americanum</i>) (f) Leaf blotch (<i>Gnomonia fragariae</i>) (g) Straw berry weevils (<i>Anthonomus signatus</i> and <i>A. bisignifer</i>) (h) Straw berry viruses viz., vein banding, crinkle leaf (rhabdovirus), mild yellow edge,	(i) Commercial import subject to prior approval of Director Plant Quarantine Wing (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9-12 months. (iii) Free from soil (iv) Dormant cuttings shall be appropriately fumigated or treated at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate.

					latent ringspot (nepovirus), latent C. (i) Aster yellows straw berry green petal, phyllody and yellows (phytoplasmas).	
			(ii) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from seed-borne viruses such as arabis mosaic, raspberry ringspot and strawberry latent ringspot.	The above condition at (i) and (ii)
			(iii) Tissue-cultured plants for planting	Any Country	Certified that tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock indexed/tested and maintained virus-free.	The above condition at (i)
32	Vegetables/Oil Seeds	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i>	Vegetables for consumption	Any country	-	Phytosanitary certificate
33	Do	Beet Root (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora farinosa</i>) (b) Silvering disease (<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> sp. <i>betae</i>) (c) Bacterial blight (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> sp. <i>aptata</i>) (d) Beetroot cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera schachtii</i>) (e) Beetroot rust (<i>Uromyces</i> spp.) (f) Beetroot yellows necrotic virus (rhizomania).	Free from soil.
34	Do	<i>Brassica rapa</i> sub sp. <i>Rapa</i> (Turnip)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Stem and bulb nematode)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
				(vi) France	Freedom from: (a) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Stem and bulb nematode) (b) <i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i> (Black leg) (c) <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> sp. <i>campestris</i> (Blackrot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
35	Do	<i>Brassica</i> spp	Seeds for sowing	(i) Any country	Freedom from:	

	(Mustard, Rape/canola, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Kohlrabi, Brussels sprouts, Broccoli, KnolKhol, Chinese Cabbage and other Cole crops)		except Denmark, Chile and Italy	(a) <i>Leptosphaeria culans</i> (Black leg) (b) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) <i>Pseudomonas syringae pv. maculicola</i> (Bacterial leaf spot) (d) <i>Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris</i> (Black rot) Leaf miner (<i>Liriomyza trifolii</i>)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety as specified in Schedule XII of this Order subject to prior approval of Director Plant Quarantine Wing
	<i>Luffa acutangula</i> (Ridge gourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) Thailand (iii) Vietnam (iv) China (v) Philippines	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	<i>Luffa aegyptiaca</i> (Spongegourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Thailand (ii) Vietnam (iii) Philippines (iv) Hongkong (v) China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	<i>Raphanus sativus</i> (Radish)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (b) Turnip yellow mosaic virus Weed (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
				Freedom from: (a) <i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i> (Black leg) (b) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) <i>Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris</i> (Black rot)	
		(ii) Seeds for consumption	Any Country	Nil	(i) (a) Weed free crop/area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in

						respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment
36	Do	<i>Cucumis sativus</i> (Cucumber and related species)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas putida</i> (b) <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>cucumerinum</i> (Fusarial wilt) (c) Arabismosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (d) Tomatoringspot virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from arabismosaic virus and tomatoring spot virus.
					Freedom from: Fusarial wilts (<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>cucumerinum</i>) (b) Blackspot (<i>Phomopsis sclerotoides</i>) (c) Septoria leafspot (<i>Septoria cucurbitarum</i>) (d) Cucumber seed-borne virus viz. leaf spot (e) <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Gummy stem blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>) Cucumber green mottle mosaic virus (CGMMV) (f) Squash mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from cucumber seed-borne virus and squash mosaic virus.
37	Do	<i>Cucurbita maxima</i> (Squash)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Gummy stem blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>) Squash mosaic virus Musk melon mosaic virus Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
					Freedom from: <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
					Freedom from:	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.

					(a) Lettuce infectious yellow virus (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from lettuce infectious yellow virus and zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
					Freedom from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
38	Do	<i>Cucurbita moschata</i> (Pumpkin)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
					Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
39	Do	<i>Cymbopogon citrates</i> (Lemongrass)	Vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Nil
40		<i>Daucus carota</i> (Carrot)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>carotae</i>) (b) Carrot viruses (Mottle dwarf, red leaf and yellow leaf)	(a) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (b) Crop inspection and certification for Free from carrot viruses.
41	Do	<i>Dolichos lablab</i> (Lablab/Bean)	Grain (seed) for consumption	Any country	Nil	(i) Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
42	Do	Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pyrenochaeta lycopersici</i> (Brown rot of tomato) (b) <i>Sclerotinia minor</i> (Sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (c) <i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>vitians</i> (Leaf spot) (d) Arabidopsis mosaic virus (e) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (f) Lettuce big vein virus (g) Tobacco rattle virus	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (c) to (h) by a competent authority at the country of origin

					(h) Tomato infectious chlorosis virus (i) <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Tobacco ring spot virus Weed (<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>)	
43	Do	Bottle gourd (<i>Lagenaria siceraria</i>)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
					Freedom from <i>Fusarium oxysporum f.sp.lagenariae</i> (bottle gourd wilt)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
44		<i>Benincasa hispida</i> (Wax Gourd)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
44	Do	Tomato (<i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i>)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: (a) Bacterial canker (<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> sub sp. <i>michiganensis</i>) (b) Bacterial leaf spot (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>tomato</i>) (c) Bacterial pustule (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>punctulens</i>) (d) Potato spindle tuber viroid (e) <i>Peronospora hyoscyami</i> pv. <i>tabacina</i> (f) <i>Phoma andigena</i> (g) <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> (h) <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (i) Pepino mosaic virus (j) Tomato aspermy virus (k) Tomato black ring virus (l) Tomato bushy stunt virus (m) Tomato ring spot virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from (i) to (m).
45	Do	<i>Momordica</i>	Seeds for sowing	(i) China	Freedom from:	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.

		<i>charantia</i> (Bitter gourd)		(ii) Hong Kong (iii) Japan (iv) Phillipines (v) Vietnam (vi) Thailand	(a) <i>Pythium spinosum</i> (root rot) (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus Free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus Nil	(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		<i>Vigna</i> (<i>Phaseolus</i>) spp. (Beans).	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: Bean bruchid (<i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i>) (a) Scab (<i>Elsinoe phaseoli</i>) (b) Downy mildew of lima bean (<i>Phytophthora phaseoli</i>) (c) Pod and stem blight (<i>Phomopsis longicolla</i>) (d) Bacterial wilt (<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> pv. <i>flaccumfaciens</i>) Halo blight (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>phaseolicola</i>) Bean seed fly (<i>Delia platura</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum lindemuthianum</i>) \ Blight (<i>Ascochyta pisi</i>)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from Bean bruchid (<i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i>)	i) Free from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose and the treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Quarantine Wing.

		<i>Vigna</i> spp. (Cow pea)	(i)Seeds for sowing (ii)Seedsfor consumption	Any Country	Freedom from (a) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidium</i> spp., <i>Stators</i> spp.) (b)Cowpea seed-borneviruses (bromo virus, potyvirus, comovirus, carmovirus) Blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>vignicola</i>)	Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety as specified in Schedule XII of this Order subject to prior approval of approved by the Director Plant Quarantine Wing
			ii) Seed for consumption		Freedom from: Bruchids(<i>Bruchidium</i> spp., <i>Stators</i> spp.)	Fumigation withMethyl bromide @ 32 g/cu.m for24hrsat21°C andabove underNAPandthtreatment tobe endorsed onphytosanitarycertificateor byany otherfumigant/substance inthe manner approvedby the Director Plant Quarantine Wing
			(iii) Vegetable (beans)for Consumption		Freedom from: (a) <i>Anomalacupripes</i> (Largegreenchaferbeetle) (b) <i>Anomala pallida</i>	Nil
**		<i>Pisum</i> spp. (Pea)	(i)Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Pod and stemblight(<i>Phomopsis logicolla</i>) (b) Stemand bulb nematode(<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (c) Pea cystnematode(<i>Heterodera goettingiana</i>) (d) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp. <i>Specularis impressithorax</i>) Pea moth (<i>Cydia nigricana</i>) Blight (<i>Peudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>psi</i>) (e) Peavirusesviz. early-browning, enation mosaic and greenmottle. Weed (<i>Anagalis arvensis</i>)	(j) Free fromsoil. (ii) Free fromquarantine weed seeds (iii) Seedshall beappropriately treated withsuitable fungicide and treatment shall beendorsedonthe phytosanitary certificate.
			(ii)Seedsfor consumption or processing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Stemand bulb nematode(<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (b)Pea cystnematode (<i>Heterodera</i>	Fumigation withMethyl bromide @ 32 g/cu. m at @ 21°C and above under NAPandthetreatmenttobeendorsed onphytosanitarycertificate orbyany

					<i>goettingiana</i> (c) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp. <i>Specularis impressithorax</i>)	other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Director Plant Quarantine Wing
**		<i>Raphanus sativus</i> (Radish)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (b) Turnip yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
					Freedom from: (a) <i>Pleosporum herbarum</i> (Leaf blight of onion) (b) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) Radish mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin
**		<i>Solanum melongena</i> (Brinjal)	Seed for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: <i>Pythium spinosum</i> (Root rot)	(i) Free from soil contamination. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
					Free from: (a) Pepino mosaic virus (b) Tomato bushy stunt virus (<i>Lycopersicon virus 4</i>) (c) Tomato black ring nepovirus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from (a), (b) and (c) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
				Thailand	Free from: (a) <i>Bactrocer papayae</i> (papaya fruit fly) (b) <i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i> (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (c) <i>Tetranychus marianae</i> (d) <i>Tetranychus truncatus</i>	Pest-free area status for papaya fruit fly (<i>Bactrocer papayae</i>) as per international standards.
		<i>Lactuca sativa</i> (Lettuce)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pythium tracheiphilum</i> (Bottom rot of lettuce) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (c) Tobacco rattle virus (d) <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Quarantine weed seeds (<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>)	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) and (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin

		<i>Ocimum basilicum</i> (Basil)	(i)Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Freefromquarantineweeds.
					Freedom from: <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight)	Freefrom quarantine weedseeds.
		<i>Capsicum</i> spp. (Pepper/ Chillies)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Bacterialscab(<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i>) (b) Pepper viruses viz. mild mosaic and mild mottle (c) <i>Peronosporahyoscyamisp.tabacina</i> (d) Tomatoringspotvirus (e) Tomatoblackring virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Cropinspectionandcertificationfor freefrom Peppervirusesvizmild mosaic and mild mottle, Tomato ringspotvirus andTomatoblack ring virus
		<i>Coriandrumsativum</i> (Coriander)	(i)Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (b) <i>Xanthomonas hortorum</i> pv. <i>carotae</i> (bacterialblight of carrot) (c) Celery mosaicvirus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from(b) and (c)by a CompetentAuthorityatthecountryoforig in.

		<i>Glycine</i> spp. (Soybean)	(ii) Seeds for consumption/ processing/ Sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: Bruchids(<i>Bruchidius</i> spp.)	(i)(a) Weed free crop/area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate Or(c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment approved the Director Plant Quarantine Wing
			Seeds for sowing		Soybean mosaic virus Tobacco ring spot virus Cyst nematode (<i>Globodera glycine</i>)	Subject to post entry quarantine before release
		<i>Helianthus</i> spp. (Sunflower)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Downy mildew (<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i>) (b) Bruchid (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp.) (c) Larger Dermestid beetle (<i>Trogoderma versicolor</i>) Leaf spot (<i>Septoria helianthi</i>)	(i) Imports subject to prior approval of Director, Plant Quarantine Wing of the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Seed treatment with metalaxyl @ 2% at the country of origin prior to shipment and the treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate.
			(ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Nil	(i)(a) Weed free crop/area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or

						any other equivalent treatment approved by approved by the Director Plant Quarantine Wing (ii) Management of handling, transportation, milling, and processing of import consignment and manner of Disposal of refuse as per the guidelines prescribed by the Director Plant Quarantine Wing
		<i>Citrullus lanatus</i> (Watermelon)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
				(ii) Any country Except Thailand	Freedom from: (a) Bacterial fruit blotch (<i>Acidovorax avenae</i> subsp. <i>citrulli</i>) (b) Angular leaf spot (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>lachrymans</i>) (c) Soft rot (<i>Xanthomonas melonis</i>) (d) Watermelon viruses viz. chlorotic stunt, curly mottle, mosaic virus 2. (e) <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> (f) Squash mosaic virus Gummy stem blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>) Rot (<i>Glomerella lagenaria</i>) Gummy stem blight (<i>Didymella bryoniae</i>) Rot (<i>Glomerella lagenaria</i>)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from watermelon viruses viz. chlorotic stunt, curly mottle, mosaic virus 2, <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> , Squash mosaic virus
		<i>Cucumis melo</i> (Muskmelon)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin
		<i>Lens culinaris</i> (Lentils)	Grain (seed) for consumption	Any Country	Freedom from: <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Stem and bulb nematode), <i>Bruchus lentis</i> ,	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose and the treatment should be endorsed on

					<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Stem and bulb nematode) Pea seed-borne mosaic virus	Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or re-export.
*		<i>Cajanus cajan</i> (Pigeon pea)	Grain (seed) for consumption	Any country	Freedom from: <i>Richardia brasiliensis</i>	(i) Free from soil contamination. (ii) Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or re-export.
		<i>Cicer arietinum</i> (Chick Pea)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: Pod and stem blight (<i>Phomopsis longicolla</i>)	Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety subject to prior approval of Director Plant Quarantine Wing of the Ministry of Agriculture.
			(ii) Seeds for consumption	Any Country	Nil	Fumigation with appropriate treatment and the treatment to be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate.
		<i>Pisum</i> spp. (Pea)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Pod and stem blight (<i>Phomopsis longicolla</i>) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (c) Pea cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera goettingiana</i>) (d) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp. <i>Specularis impressithorax</i>) (e) Pea viruses viz. early-browning, enation mosaic and green mottle.	(j) Free from soil. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds (iii) Seed shall be appropriately treated with suitable fungicide and treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate.
			(ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (b) Pea cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera goettingiana</i>) (c) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp. <i>Specularis impressithorax</i>)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/cu. m at @ 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by of Director Plant Quarantine Wing of the Ministry of Agriculture.

		<i>Cuminumcyminum</i> (Cumin)	Seeds for sowing	Iran	Nil	Nil
		Potato (<i>Solanum tuberosum</i>)	For Sowing and Consumption	Any country	<p>Freedom from:</p> <p>a) (<i>Synchytriumendobioticum</i>), Black wart b) <i>Globoderarostochiensis</i>, Golden cyst nematode c) <i>Globodera pallid</i>Pale cyst nematode d) <i>Leptinotarsadecemlineata</i> Colorado potato beetle e) Potato Virus-X (PVX)</p> <p>Potato ring spot (<i>Clavibactor michiganensis subsp. sepedonicus</i>) Andean potato latent virus Potato spindle tuber viroid Potato black ring spot virus Tuber nematode (<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i>) Weed seed (<i>Parthenium hysterophorus</i>)</p>	<p>Potatoes shall not be imported into Bangladesh by any means from any country, where the following serious pests, namely, Black wart <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i>, Golden Nematode <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i>, Pale cyst nematode <i>Globodera pallida</i> Colorado potato beetle <i>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</i> , have either been prevalent or reported to have occurred unless they are accompanied by Phytosanitary certificate from the country of origin declaring that the crop from which the consignment is derived was not grown in the vicinity of unhealthy potato crops and was inspected by a duly authorised official of phytopathological service of the country of origin and found free from all injurious insects pests and diseases and that["no case of occurrence of the insect" and diseases mentioned above was recorded within production site during the past twelve months of potato crop grown</p> <p>(2) In order to guard against the</p>

						<p>importation of the pests and diseases the following precautions, namely:-</p> <p>(a) as far as possible , import of seed potatoes resistant to wart disease shall be permitted;</p> <p>(b) the importation of seed potatoes shall be permitted from those countries where the aforesaid pests and diseases are not present;</p> <p>(d) seed consignments should be free from shoots, leaves, roots and soil sticking to tubers and rotten tubers;</p> <p>(e) import of potato seeds should be restricted only to certified seed and</p> <p>(f) import of shoots, roots, leaves and green parts of potato shall not be imported ;</p>
	<i>Ficus</i> spp.	<i>Dracaena</i> spp. (Bamboo Lucky)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		<i>Duranta</i> spp. (Duranta)	Plants/ cuttings For propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
			(i) Tissue cultured plants	Any country	(i) Japan Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) <i>Ficus conica</i> virus (b) Fig virus s	Phytosanitary certificate
	Flower bulbs	(a) <i>Dahlia</i> spp.	(i) Tubers for planting or propagation	Any Country	Freedom from: Virus affecting dahlia except dahlia Mosaic virus	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one Growth season. (ii) Free from soil

			(ii)Seeds for sowing		Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp. (Chrysanthemum)	(i)Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Freefromquarantineweeds.
		(b) <i>Gladiolus</i> spp.	Corms/Cormlets for planting or propagation		Freedom from:	(i)Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.
					(a)Smut (<i>Urocystis gladiolicola</i>)	(ii) Free fromsoil
					(b)Rusts (<i>Uromyces gladioli</i> and <i>U. transversalis</i>)	
					(c)Cormrot (<i>Fusarium. oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>gladioli</i>)	
					(d)Hard rot (<i>Septoria gladioli</i>)	
					(e)Scab and neck rot (<i>Burkholderia</i> sp.)	
		<i>Rosa</i> spp.(Rose)	Rooted cuttings/ Grafts/ Bud wood/Saplings for planting	Any Country	Freedom from: (a)Crown gall(<i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i>) (b) Hairy root (<i>A. rhizogenes</i>) (c) Brand canker (<i>Coniothyrium wernsdorfiae</i>) (d) Brown canker (<i>Cryptosporella umbrina</i>) (e) Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora sparsa</i>) (f) Rust (<i>Phragmidium</i> spp.) (g) Rose streak virus (h) Rose wilt virus	(i)Post-entry quarantine for a period of 18 months except budding for 90days (ii) Free from soil for rooted cuttings.
		<i>Rosa</i> spp.(Rose)	Rootedcuttings/ Grafts/ Bud wood/Saplingsfor planting	Any Country	Freedom from: (a)Crown gall(<i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i>) (b) Hairyroot(<i>A. rhizogenes</i>) (c) Brand canker (<i>Coniothyriumwernsdorfiae</i>) (d) Browncanker (<i>Cryptosporellaumbrina</i>) (e) Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora sparsa</i>) (f) Rust(<i>Phragmidium</i> spp.) (g) Rosestreak virus (h) Rosewilt virus	(i)Post-entry quarantineforaperiodof 18monthsexceptbuddingfor90days (ii) Free fromsoil forrootedcuttings.
		(c) <i>Heliconia</i> spp.	Rhizomes for	Any Country	Freedom from: Moko wilt (<i>Burkholderiasp.</i>)	Post entry quarantine period for one

		(d) <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp.	Bulbs for propagation	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Bacterial blight or yellow slime (<i>Xanthomonas hyacinthi</i>) (b) Hyacinth mosaic virus (Poty virus) (c) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil (iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4 hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate. or Treatment with Phosphine at recommended or equivalent any other treatment.
		(e) <i>Iris</i> spp. (bulbous and rhizomatous varieties)	Bulbs/rhizomes for planting or propagation	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Fusarial rot (<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>gladioli</i>) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (c) Sclerotinia rot (<i>Sclerotinia bulborum</i>) (d) Iris virus (Potyvirus)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil (iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4 hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate. or Treatment with Phosphine at recommended or equivalent any other treatment.
		(f) <i>Lilium</i> spp. (Lily)	(i) Bulbs for planting	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Fusarium wilt (<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>lilii</i>) (b) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum lilii</i>) (c) Bacterial leaf spot (<i>Burkholderia gladioli</i> pv. <i>gladioli</i>) (d) Lily viruses (lily rosette, lily symptomless, tulip breaking and lily curl stripe)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season. (ii) Free from soil
		(h) <i>Tulipa</i> spp.	Bulbs for planting or propagation	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Bulb and stem nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil

					(b) Yellow pustule and hellfire (<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> spv. <i>oortii</i>) (c) Tulipa viruses viz. band breaking, chlorotic blotch, virus x and other seedborne viruses.	(iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate. or Treatment with Phosphine at recommended or equivalent any other treatment.
		(i) <i>Zingiber mioga</i> (Ornamental Zinger)	Rhizomes for propagation	Any Country	Freedom from: Leaf blight ((<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>zingibericola</i>)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season. (ii) Free from soil.
**		<i>Gardenia</i> spp. (Gardenia)	Tissue cultured plants	Holland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
**	Flower	Seeds	Seeds for sowing	Any country	-	Free from i) soil ii) Quarantine weed seeds
	Cut flowers and Leafy vegetables			Any country	Freedom from: Leaf miner (<i>Lirimyza sativae</i> and <i>Lirimyza trifolii</i>) Vector Transmitted virus (<i>Bemisia tabaci</i>) (<i>Amauromyza maculosa</i>)	
	Plants of herbaceous species		For planting (Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds, tubers)	Any country	Freedom from: Leaf miner (<i>Lirimyza sativae</i> and <i>Lirimyza trifolii</i>) Vector Transmitted virus (<i>Bemisia tabaci</i>) (<i>Amauromyza maculosa</i>)	
**		Orchids:	(i) Saplings	Any Country	Freedom from:	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45-

		(<i>Aranda</i> , <i>Cattleya</i> , <i>Cymbidium</i> , <i>Dendrobium</i> , <i>Lawlio-</i> <i>cattleya</i> , <i>Mokara</i> , <i>Odontoglossum</i> , <i>Phalaenopsis</i> , <i>Van-</i> <i>da</i> , <i>Vanila</i> etc.)			(a) Bacterial leaf spots (<i>Burkholderia gladioli</i> pv. <i>gladioli</i> and <i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i>) (b) Blossom blight (<i>Phyllostica capitalensis</i>) (c) Orchid viruses such as cymbidium mosaic, vanilla necrosis, Odontoglossum ring spot and orchid fleck etc. Cattleya flower break virus Bacterium (<i>Erwinia cypridiedii</i>)	60 days.
			(ii) Tissue-cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock tested and maintained virus-free.	NIL.
		(i) <i>Cattleya</i> spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Korea (ii) Japan (iii) USA (iv) Hungary (v) Canada (vi) Italy (vii) Ukraine (viii) Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Cymbidium mosaic virus (b) Odontoglossum ring spot virus	Nil
				(ix) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from rhabdovirus	NIL
				(x) Indonesia (xi) South Africa	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from cattleya colour break virus	NIL
				(xii) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Cymbidium mosaic virus (b) Odontoglossum ring spot virus (c) Rhabdovirus	NIL
				(xiii) Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	NIL

					(a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Cymbidium mosaic virus (c) Odontoglossum ring spot virus	
				(xiv) Any country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	NIL
**		(ii) <i>Dendrobium</i> spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Odontoglossum ring spot tobamovirus (b) Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus (c) Potyviruses (d) Tobacco mosaic virus (e) Dendrobium virus	Nil
				(ii) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Potyviruses (b) Tobacco mosaic virus (c) Dendrobium mosaic virus (d) Bean yellow mosaic virus (e) Tomato ring spot virus (f) Orchid fleck virus (g) Phalenopsis virus (h) Dendrobium virus (i) Grammatophyllum (bacilliform) virus	NIL
**		Ornamental Palm species: <i>(Arikuryoba, Borasus, Caryota, Carypha, Chamaeodorea, Chrysalidocarpus, Dictyosperma, Washingtonia, Roystonia, Hyophorbe, Pritchardia,</i>	Seeds/Seed sprouts	Any Country	(i) Freedom from: (a) Bacterial blight (<i>Acidovorax avenae</i> sub sp. <i>avenae</i>)- For <i>Carypha</i> spp only (b) Mosaic (Poty virus)- For <i>Washingtonia</i> spp only (c) Red ring nematode (<i>Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus</i>) (ii) Certified that the seeds/seed sprouts Collected from mother palms free from Cadang cadang viroids	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 10-12 months

		<i>Sabal, Syogrus, Trachycarpus, Vienthia, Mascarena</i>)				
**		<i>Petunia</i> spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Hungary	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Tomato mosaic virus (c) Potato virus Y (d) Potato X virus	Nil
				(iii) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Tomato mosaic virus (c) Tomato black ring nepoviruses (d) Potato virus Y (e) Petunia vein clearing virus (f) Broad bean wilt fabavirus	NIL
		<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i> (Gerbera)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) Netherlands	Freedom from: (a) <i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> (Western flower thrips) (b) <i>Otiiorhynchus sulcatus</i> (Vine weevil) (c) <i>Thripsangus ticeps</i> (Field thrips) (d) <i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> (Strawberry mite) (e) <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (Tomato root rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a Period of 45 days.
		<i>Ixora</i> spp. (Ixora)	Plants/cuttings For propagation	Asia	Nil	Post entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.

**		<i>Phyllostachys</i> spp. (Bamboo)	(i)Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Freefromquarantineweeds.
			(ii) Stem cutting/Sapling for propagation		Freedom from: (a) Top blight (<i>Ceratosphaeria phyllostachydis</i>) (b) Clum base rot(<i>Arthrinium</i> spp.) (c) Witches broom (<i>Phytoplasma</i>) (d) Bamboo mosaic virus	Post entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
		<i>Gossypium</i> spp. (Cotton)	Raw cotton bales for industrial use.	Any Country	Freedom from: Cotton boll weevils (<i>Anthonomus grandis</i> , <i>A. peninsularis</i> and <i>A. vestitus</i>) Cotton seed bruchid (<i>Bruchidis</i> sp.) Antracnose and Boll rot (<i>Glomerella gossypii</i>) and (<i>Colletotrichum gossypii</i>) Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris pv. malvacearum</i>) Boll rot and Anthranose (<i>Glomerella gossypii</i>)	-Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose in case of American cotton until the competent authority declared that they have successfully eradicated cotton boll weevil -Unginned cotton shall not be imported. -Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			Seed	Western hemisphere and Africa		- Fumigation with appropriate fumigants at recommended dose - Up to 500 gms are allowed only for experimental purpose -Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	Timber Logs and Forest product	(i) <i>Castanea</i> spp (Chestnut)	Logswith/ without Bark (Logs posts, poles, railway ties, cardwood, slabwood lumber)	Any Country	Freedom from: Chest nut blight (<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i>)-American strain Long horned beetle (<i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>) Gypsy moth (<i>Lymantria dispar</i>)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromideshall be @ 48 g/cubic metre for 24hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAPorkiln drying as the case may be the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or

						by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by Director Plant Quarantine Wing
		(ii) <i>Ulmus</i> spp (Elm)	Logs with/without bark	Any Country	Freedom from: Leaf hopper (<i>Scaphoidus luteolus</i>) Phloem neovrosis (Phytoplasmas) (a) Dutch elm disease (<i>Ceratocystis ulmi</i>)- American and European strains (b) Elm bark beetle (<i>Scolytus scolytus</i>) Long horned beetle (<i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>) Gypsy moth (<i>Lymantria dispar</i>)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide shall be @ 48 g/cubic metre for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or kiln drying as the case may be the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by Director Plant Quarantine Wing
		(iii) <i>Quercus</i> spp (Oak)	Logs with/without bark	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Oak wilt (<i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i>) (b) Oak bark beetles (<i>Pseudopityophthorus</i> spp) (c) Sudden Oak death (<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i>) Long horned beetle (<i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i>) Gypsy moth (<i>Lymantria dispar</i>)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide shall be @ 48 g/cubic metre for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or kiln drying as the case may be the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by Director Plant Quarantine Wing
		(iv) <i>Pinus</i> spp. (Pine wood)	Logs with/ Without bark	Any Country	Freedom from: (a) Branch and trunk cankers (<i>Atropellis piniphila</i> , <i>A. pinicola</i>) (b) Pine wood nematode (<i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i>) (c) Cerambycid vector (<i>Monochamus</i> spp.) (d) Pin beetle (<i>Tomicus piniperda</i>) pine weevils (<i>Pissodes</i> spp.) (e) Sirex wasp (<i>Sirex</i> spp) Canker (<i>Gremmeniella abietina</i>)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide @ 48g/cubic metre for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C and above (core temperature of wood) for 30 minutes or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by Director Plant Quarantine Wing for this purpose as the case may be at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on

					phytosanitary certificate
	<i>Nicotiana</i> spp. (Tobacco)	(i)Seeds for sowing	(i)UK	Freedom from: Tobacco moth (<i>Ephestia elutella</i>) Cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera tabacum</i>) (a) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brownring nematode) (b) Pepino mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii)Crop inspection and certification for Free from Pepino mosaic virus.
(ii)Europe			Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds	
(iii) USA			Freedom from: <i>Pseudomonassyringaepv. mellea</i> (Brown spot of tobacco)	Free from quarantine weed seeds	
	<i>Salix</i> spp. (Willows)	Wooden logs with bark/clefts	Europe	Freedom from: (a) <i>Saperda carcharias</i> (Greater poplar long horn) (b) <i>Saperda populnea</i> (Poplar borer) (c) <i>Zeuzera pyrina</i> (Wood leopard moth)	(i)Fumigation with appropriate fumigants or heat treatment at 56°C for30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Director, Plant Quarantine Wing of the Ministry of Agriculture. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at theCountry of Origin/re- export. (ii) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
	Cassava (<i>Manihot esculenta</i>)	Stem cuttings/Seeds	Any country	Freedom from: Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>manihotis</i>) Cassava viruses Mite (<i>Mononychellus</i> sp.) Thrips (<i>Frankliniella willamsi</i>)	
	Ground nut <i>Arachis hypogea</i>	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Freedom from: Insect (<i>Caryedon serratus</i>) Bacterial wilt (<i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>) Peanut Stripe virus Peanut stunt virus Tobacco streak virus	

					Seed bruchid (<i>Stator pruininus</i>) Testa nematode (<i>Aphelenchoides arachidis</i>)	
		Destructive storage pests of grain products	Grain product for consumption	Any Country	<i>Asperzillus</i> spp. <i>Penicillium</i> spp. <i>Botryotis</i> spp.	
		Sugarcane <i>Saccharum officinarum</i>	Setts/Cuttings		Freedom from: Fiji virus Serch virus Chloritic streak virus Gummosis (<i>Xanthomonas stcutorum</i>) Fungus (<i>Sphacelotheca spp.</i>) Cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera sacchari</i>) Insect (<i>Aulacapsis tegalensis</i>) Borer (<i>Diatraea saccharalis</i>) Insect (<i>Perkinsiellavasatrix</i>) Weed (<i>Aeginetia indica</i>) Weed (<i>Striga hirsute</i>) Weed (<i>Chiristisoma wightii</i>)	(i) Hot water treatment of dormant sets at 52 C for 20 min. followed by dipping in systemic fungicide solutions viz. Benlate at 0.2% Just prior to planting (ii) Post-entry quarantine
		Tea (<i>Camellia Sinensis</i>)			Pholem necrosis virus	
		Forest trees seeds (Lucern)			Alflalfa mosaic virus Batecrium (<i>Clavibacter michiganensis pv. indisciosis</i>) Stem nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsasii</i>)	
		Silk worm (<i>Bombyx mori</i>)			Fungus (<i>Botryotis bassiana</i>)	